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SIKHS TO BOYCOTT CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

Representative Panthic Board's Decision

LEAGUE COUNCIL TO REVERSE DECISION ON BRITISH LONG TERM PLANS?

But Congress Circles Not Perturbed

NEW DELHI, July 10, (A.P.A.): Probable withdrawal of the Muslim League's acceptance of the British Cabinet Mission plan for the future constitution of India was indicated today by a high league official who declared it would be "suicide" for the Muslims to participate in it as the situation now stands.

WHY MISSION FAILED

Although Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan, General Secretary of the League, declined to predict what action the League Council might take at its meeting on July 28 and 29 in Bombay, he said in an exclusive interview.

"The Mission's anxiety to succeed has made them fail."

He asserted that the British had "gone back on their word" to the Muslim League and that the Congress Party's acceptance of the Constituent Assembly plan for drafting a constitutions was "conditional" and that in reality "they have accepted nothing."

Congress leaders took the view at the recent All-India Congress Committee meeting in Bombay, when acceptance of the Constituent Assembly plan was ratified, that Provinces might realign themselves according to their desires in the beginning, instead of after a stated period as outlined by the Cabinet Mission.

Liaquat Ali Khan took the view that the Congress position would make the Constituent Assembly a sovereign body, adding that "if it is established as a sovereign body, we would have no place in that because we would be one against four."

"Unless the position is clarified," he continued "it would be suicidal for the Muslim League to enter the Constituent Assembly."

ON WARPATH?

Asked what might happen in the event it was decided to continue with the Constituent Assembly without the Muslim League, Liaquat Ali Khan replied:

"Certainly it will not be a peaceful transfer of power that I can say. The Mussalman will not take it lying down."

Should all acceptance be withdrawn and nothing further done, he said that "then the only thing to do is to divide," reverting to the demand for a separate Muslim state—Pakistan.

LOST FAITH IN BRITISH

Liaquat Ali Khan also asserted that "our only fault has been that we have been honest about the whole thing....Our faith has been shaken, certainly, in the word of the British. Now we cannot tell if they mean what they say."

He also commented that if the Cabinet Mission had declared the Constituent Assembly would be a sovereign body, "we would not have accepted. We would have demanded separate Constituent Assemblies, one for our Provinces and one for the Hindu Provinces."

The League Secretary said, in the formal statement calling the Council meeting at Bombay, that the Cabinet delegation and the Viceroy "have gone back on their word in postponing the formation of the Interim Government according to their final proposals....and have broken their solemn pledges given in writing to the Muslim League.

"Further, the Congress has accepted the long-term plan of the Cabinet Mission only conditionally....and on their own interpretation, which is totally opposed to the authoritative statement made by the Cabinet delegation and the Viceroy on May 14....particularly with regard to the Grouping of Provinces, which is the corner-stone of the long-term scheme.

"In view of these serious developments, it has been considered necessary that the Council should examine the whole position and decide what

(Continued on page 5 col. 5)

SIKHS TO BOYCOTT CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

Master Tara Singh's Threat Of Hunger-Strike Tells

(From Our Correspondent)

LAHORE, July 10.

The representative gathering of Sikhs which was presided over by the Sikh Dictator, Col Gill, unanimously decided to boycott the Constituent Assembly contrary to expectations.

The recommendations of the Sub-Committee which was appointed yesterday to find out an agreed formula were not accepted.

What led the Sikhs to boycott the Constituent Assembly, it is learnt, was that Master Tara Singh threatened to go on hunger strike if the Sikhs decided to enter the Constituent Assembly.

Sardar Pratap Singh, M.L.A., member of the Congress Working Committee along with seven other members of the Congress Assembly Party also attended.

Sardar Pratap Singh and Mr. Bhimsen Sachar, leader of the Congress Party in the Punjab Assembly, and Col. Gill are in touch with Congress High Command to get instructions.

No Sikh will file nomination papers for Constituent Assembly elections.

GILL EXPLAINS DECISION

LAHORE, July 10 (A.P.I.): Col. Niranjan Singh Gill replying to questions by Pressmen later said: "We do not think we are going against the wishes of the Congress. We think the Congress will be fighting from inside and we shall be fighting from outside. We have been so dishonoured that we have to take this course."

Postmen's Strike Or At Midnight

BOMBAY, July 11 (A.P.I.): Postmen and packers in Bombay theoretically struck work at the stroke of midnight of July 10-11 though the actual stoppage of work will only be a 4 a.m., when the first round of postmen usually begin collecting mail from road-side post-boxes.

Since a late hour in the evening people were seen crowding post and telegraph offices inquiring about the facilities for the delivery of mails. The postal authorities have made arrangements wherever possible and necessary of opening delivery centres, where articles would be handed over to addressees after proper identification.

TELEGRAPHISTS TO WATCH

Telegraph messengers, who had originally planned to stop work along with postmen, have now decided to strike only on July 14 after watching developments.

Side by side with the commencement of the strike, efforts to settle the postal employees' dispute are proceeding. Mr. V. G. Dalvi, General Secretary of the All-India Postmen, Lower Grade Staff and R. M. S. Union, will be proceeding to Poona tomorrow morning to confer with Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay.

Along with Mr. Dalvi, Mr. S. H. Jhabvala, President of the Telegraphmen's Union, would also proceed to Poona.

Mr. Dalvi said that he had received a telegram from Madura stating that postmen in that town as well as in some other districts of Madras would also participate in the strike.

Postal Strikers' Procession

BOMBAY, Thursday 2 A.M.

A huge procession of striking postmen and lower grade staff went round the main thoroughfares of Fort area, including the Central Telegraph Office and the G.P.O. and proceeded towards Girgaum to terminate at the office of the Union at Benham Hall Lane.

A public meeting in connection with the strike will be held to-day (Thursday) at 6 p.m. at Gowalia Tank Maidan.

Postman's Postfolio!

More Stabbings In Ahmedabad

Casualty List Reaches 52 Dead And 336 Injured

AHMEDABAD, July 10, (A.P.I.): Three cases of stabbing were reported to-day one of which proved fatal. Total number of deaths since the commencement of rioting is 52 and the total number of injured is 336.

A country made bomb exploded in a street corner in Sarangpur area. No damage was done.

NO CONFIDENCE MOTION AGAINST SIND MINISTRY

KARACHI, July 10, (A.P.I.): The Assembly Coalition Party at its meeting to-day decided to dislodge the League Ministry and press for the No-Confidence motion when the Sind Assembly meets to-morrow.

In the opinion of the meeting any other business could be brought before the House besides the election of the four representatives on the Constituent Assembly. The meeting appointed a sub-committee of four members to study the legal and constitutional aspect of any move on the part of the Ministry opposing this view point. The members were allowed to move any motions for adjournment.

CONGRESS, LIKE AN ARMY ABOUT TO STORM A CITADEL

Jawahar's Call To Nation To Make A Mighty And United Effort To Reach Its Goal

A fervent appeal to avoid internal strife, close ranks and prepare to face the difficult times ahead was made by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressing a mammoth public meeting at Shivaji Park on Wednesday evening.

Pandit Nehru compared the Congress to an army about to storm a cital after a long siege. Although victory may be in sight, the citadel would not fall without a mighty and united effort. Besides there might be some dangers even after that and therefore the urgent need to hold together.

Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C. welcomed Pandit Nehru, who was profusely garlanded.

Pandit Nehru began by thanking the people for honouring him. It was true that his responsibility was great. He could not shoulder that responsibility in any other way except by the full support of the people. The Congress had not reached its present power and prestige by the efforts of a few men at the top; but the rank and file had made a great contribution for making the Congress what it was.

Proceeding Panditji pointed out that many problems confronted the country—the question of the Constituent Assembly, the question of Indian labourers in Ceylon, the Passive resistance of South African Indians, and the affairs of Kashmir and other Indian States. All these problems while seemingly separate were interdependent and must be viewed as aspects of one all important question—the question of Indian freedom.

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

Dealing with the question of the Constituent Assembly Pandit Nehru pointed out how on the one hand people were being told that the Congress would enter the Assembly and on the other the importance of their organising and preparing for a struggle was being stressed. The significance of this seeming contradiction was that an Imperial Power would never willingly relinquish its hold. Britain had been forced by the great struggles that India had put up during the last many years to concede her demands. At the same time, Indians should be wary and be prepared to face any eventuality.

Stressing the need for better organisation and strengthening the Congress the speaker noted with regret that many opportunists and careerists had crept into the Congress. The Congress would have to take steps to eliminate such elements which made for weakness.

Proceeding Pandit Nehru said that the Congress, in agreeing to enter the Constituent Assembly had not committed itself in anyway to any particular scheme or to any course of action. They were free to raise any issue and do what they thought was best at the time. It was from this point of view that the question should really be looked at before the Congress decision was criticised. He was confident that whatever difficulty or danger might arise in the Constituent Assembly they would be able to stand up to it because of the inherent strength of the Congress.

ADULT FRANCHISE

He referred to the criticism that the Congress had not insisted on adult franchise. There was substance in the criticism. It was only regretfully that the Congress agreed to enter the Constituent Assembly on the present franchise. They did not want to force the issue of adult franchise because that would involve considerable delay—possibly more than another year—before the Constituent Assembly could be called. Because of this the Congress had reluctantly agreed to the proposal as at present.

Clarifying the Congress stand on the representation of Europeans in the Constituent Assembly, Pandit Nehru said that the Congress had insisted on no European representation, not because of any racial considerations. Even if a man were born in England, if he made India his home and shared the pains and sorrows of India, the Congress would have no objection to such a person entering the Constituent Assembly. But he came in as a representative of the Indian people and not a handful of European residents.

STATES' PROBLEM

As far as the representation of the

Continued on Page 5 Col. 6.)

Mahatma Predicts

Death Of White Civilisation

If South African Europeans Persist In Anti-Asiatic Campaign

POONA July 10, (API): Western civilization was digging its grave in South Africa, declared Mahatma Gandhi addressing his prayer meeting in Poona today. The White civilisation in South Africa, he said looked black in contrast with the coloured or the Asiatic civilization which was comparatively white.

Mahatma Gandhi was sure that if 'our people remain steadfast and non-violent till the end', their heroic struggle will drive "the last nail in the coffin of Western civilization which is being found out in its true colours in South Africa."

Gandhiji hoped that Field Marshal Smuts would realise that he could not tyranise over Indians in South Africa any longer and would come to an honourable settlement with them.

PATWARDHAN CALLS ON MAHATMA

POONA July 10 (UPI): Mr. P. H. Patwardhan, member of the Congress Working Committee, had an interview with Ganchiji for half an hour this evening.

Srimati Bela Mitra, niece of Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose and Mr. Arvind Bose also met Gandhiji this evening.

No C.S.P. Ban On Joining Congress Cabinet

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. Jaiprakash Narayen, General Secretary of the Congress Socialist Party, asked about the nomination of Mrs. Kamaladevi by the Congress President on the Working Committee said that it was with his full approval that she agreed to serve on the Congress Working Committee.

Mr. Jaiprakash further said that there never was or is a ban on Party Members joining the Congress Working Committee. He pointed out that Acharya Narendra Deo who was a member of the Party had been on the Congress Working Committee.

Stop Press

PANT CABINET EXPANSION

LUCKNOW, July 10, (U.P.I.): According to informed political circles the Pant Cabinet is going to be expanded very shortly. At present there are six Ministers and it is believed there will be three more Ministers as well as three more Parliamentary Secretaries.

Fischer's Broadside Against Moscow

Stalin Is Anti-Thesis Of Gandhiji

FREE INDIA ALONE CAN CHECK IMPERIALIST GREED OF RUSSIA, HE SAYS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A scathing attack on Fascism, Nazism and every manner of dictatorship, which destroyed human liberty, was made by Mr. Louis Fischer, American journalist, at a reception which was given to him by the Journalists' Association of India this evening.

LIFE IN RUSSIA NOT WORTH LIVING

Mr. Fischer prefaced his remarks anent anti-democratic forces by saying that for 14 years he had lived in Russia; as such he could say that he knew Russia even better than his own native America. In Russia, he said, life was not worth living.

There was no personal freedom whatever nor anything like political morality.

Even Russia's foreign policy had undergone very definite changes. There did not continue the international outlook with which the Communist experiment had started, for today Russia was not only intensely nationalist but was feeding that nationalism by expansion, by the acquisition of new territories, and by going imperialist in the worst sense of the word.

Soviet Russia of today was thinking in terms of Pan-Sovietism.

Expatiating on the theme, he said that he could think of no way in which the expansionist tendencies of Russia could be checked except this: It was to make the world outside, especially the world which had come under imperial domination and exploitation, much better place to live so that the oppressed people of the world would not gravitate towards Russia as a panacea for their many ills.

INDIA CAN LEAD

India provided the answer to Russia's foreign policy. If this vast continent were freed from imperial exploitation, they would develop on their own roots and provide an example to other parts of the exploited world, who tended to gravitate towards Russia.

Mahatma Gandhi, he said, was the anthesis of Stalin, and Mr. Fischer said he was a Gandhaite.

Fascism, whether in Spain or in Russia or in Germany or in Italy was extreme political immorality. On the other hand, Gandhism or India's struggle for freedom was moral, for it was based on justice and the legitimate rights of a nation.

JEWISH PROBLEM

The next question which was asked of Mr. Fischer was about the political morality of trying to dump the Jews of Europe on Palestine.

Mr. Fischer's reply to this question was charged with a tremendous amount of feeling. He exhorted the gathering to look at the question in a detached way and not allow their judgment to be clouded by personal prejudice. Personally he had no objection to the whole lot of the European Jews setting down in America. But as the facts stood the Government of the United States was against such a policy. On the other hand, to repatriate them wholesale to those parts of Europe from which they had fled or been driven out would be the height of cruelty." "Before the war," he said, "there were six-million Jews in Europe; today they are but one million; the other five million were systematically done to death, gassed or shot or chemically destroyed by the orders of one man—Hitler!"

In such circumstances, it was quite understandable that they did not want to go and resettle in places whose memories would be nothing but torture and agony for them. Hence it was not surprising that they wanted to go back to Palestine to which they were bound by racial and cultural ties and from where their ancestors had emigrated centuries ago.

Mr. Fischer qualified his statements on Palestine by saying that he did not for a moment consider that the Arabs did not have a good case. The wisdom of nations would be tested in the solving of such intricate problems.

Similarly, in India there were differences between the Hindus and Muslims. In China, there were differences between the Communists and the Kuo-ming-tang.

If humanity had to be surmounted and amity established. 'Intra'-nation strife only led to death.

FIRST DEFEAT FOR LEAGUE

In reply to another question, Mr. Fischer said that he regarded the Cabinet proposals, as a partial though not decisive defeat for the Muslim League.

It was the first round between nationalism and reaction. Personally, he was glad, for he considered that the Muslim League had done nothing whatever for the Independence of

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 7.)

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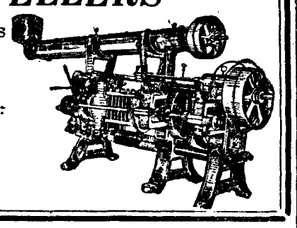

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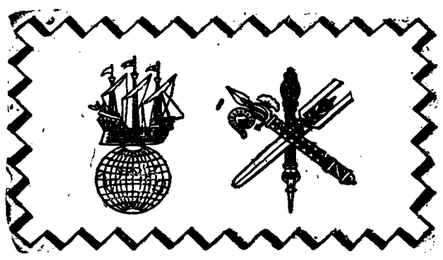

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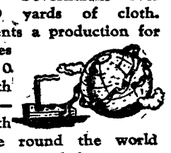

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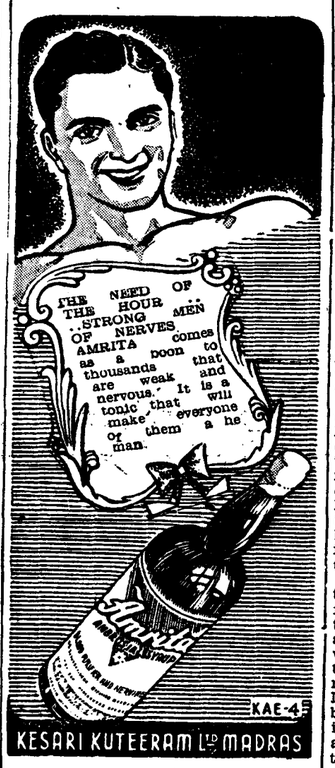
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The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Vijay Merchant's Grand Double Century Against Lancashire

By J. C. Maitra

After the miserable show put up by the Indian tourists against Yorkshire, which must have shaken their confidence to a great extent, it was to expected that they would fare badly against Lancashire in their return engagement, despite the fact that they had accounted for the leading county in their first meeting. So it happened. Old Trafford, where the second Test will be played from 20th, was the battle ground. Gaining the first lease of a plumb wicket, the home team amassed the highest total —406—against India. Two of their batsmen Washbrook and Ikin, earned the distinction of scoring a century each in this innings.

OUR BOWLERS DISCOMFITED

The absence of Banerjee and Amarnath, who were so successful in the previous fight must have been a sort of a boon to these batsmen, who exploited the situation to their hearts' content. As things went, Lancashire hoisted their second century with the loss of a single wicket. Mankad, Hazare, Nayudu, Sarwate and Sohoni failed to break up this solid partnership. Although Sohoni and Mankad captured 5 and 4 wickets respectively in the end, they were not sufficiently dangerous to make any impression on the English batsmen. I wonder what will be India's fate in the next Test when the home batsmen will be found in brighter form than they were at Lords.

BATSMEN IN A HURRY

Would India be able to surpass this robust aggregate I was asked by friends. I said, "If Merchant plays up, they will." Little did I dream at that time that Vijay would have to carry the whole team on his broad shoulders. Our stalwarts Rusi Modi, Pataudi and Hazare appeared to be in a hurry to get out than stay on to pile up a respectable figure. All that they contributed was 2, 3 and 2 off their respective bats. With 4 wickets down for 91 out of which Mushtaq had put on 40, a follow-on appeared to be a certainty.

HIGHEST INDIVIDUAL SCORE

Fortunately for India, Merchant rose to the occasion, and the later batsmen found courage to give him adequate support. So he marched forward undaunted—smothering all attacks like a giant—till the goal was reached. As a matter of fact, he remained unbeaten with 242 to his credit—in a total of 456 for 8 wickets. Thus Vijay became the first Indian batsman to hit up a double century against the English county. Well does he deserve this great honour. A mead of praise is due to Hafeez, Nimbalkar, Sohoni and Mankad for their gallant stand in the face of a depressing situation. No amount of tenacity and resourcefulness on Merchant's part would have paid him, had these batsmen failed to lend him a hand.

WASHBROOK SAVES LANCASHIRE

Surprising as it may seem, Lancashire had a big landslide in their second venture—having lost 6 wickets for 104 runs. This collapse must be attributed to the fact that Washbrook, their opening bat and mainstay, was unable to open the innings again owing to an injury to his ribs. Nonetheless, credit must go to Mankad and Nimbalkar for the clever manner they disposed of some of the batsmen.

When it seemed that a defeat for the home team more than a probability, Washbrook came out to save the humiliation. As a true captain, he held the fort doggedly till the end and avoided the disaster. Our skipper would do well to take his cue from him.

It is good to hear that Vijay would be given a rest at last—against Derbyshire, the weakest county. Wh not leave out Vinoo as well?

Hinrich Shield Football

EXCITING QUARTER-FINAL DRAWN

Great Display By B.B.R.C. And Trades

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

B. B. R. C.	3
TRADES	3

Promises of an exciting encounter and a close finish were amply fulfilled when B. B. R. C. and Trades met in the quarter-final of the Hinrich Shield this evening. The standard of soccer was rather high with the score almost a correct indication of the equality of the rivals.

Early in the first half, Graham put the B. B. R. C. in the lead by heading a shot from a corner. Undaunted by this reverse, however, the Trades pressed on and then Dhakuram collected the ball, centred it accurately and Thomas got the equaliser with a powerful shot. Both the teams took a hand in the attack now but the half time found the teams in equality without any additions to the score.

Immediately after the resumption the Trades took the lead. Centre-forward Raymond took possession of the ball and beat all the defenders and then he beat custodian Ward with a backward pass to Parab which the latter promptly put into the open net. A little later another immaculate pass by Bhimrao was converted by Thomas to give them a commanding lead of 3—1. For a time it looked as if the local side had all but entered the penultimate round. But that was not to be. Left half Preston dodged and side-stepped and after going all the way down the line presented Graham with another goal with a beautiful pass which the latter headed into the net.

The equaliser was not long in coming. After a shot some 40 yards from the goal had completely beaten custodian Sanjiva and lured him out his den, Preston pushed the ball inside the yawning net.

The extra time provided with a number of goal mouth melees and hair-breadth escapes from both ends but failed to produce the much needed match-winner.

The replay has been fixed for Friday.

The Teams:—

B. B. R. C.—Ward; Quinton, and Walters; Verth, Wilson and Marshall; Green, Payne, Graham, McLean and Preston.

TRADES.—Sanjiva; Manuel and Rathnam; Narayan, Mohiddin and Govind; Parab, Bhimrao, Raymond, Thomas and Dhakuram.

Referee:- Andrews.

TO-DAY'S MATCH AT 5-45

Movement Control vs. R. A. F. (replay).

UPROAR AT GREEN'S OVER TROLLIP

Why "Progs" President Invited South African To Speak?

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

There was an uproar at the Green's this evening where a symposium on the "Greater Bombay Scheme" was organized by the Progressive Group.

Mr. Homi Talyarkhan, who presided, was called upon by certain members of the Group to explain as to why he had invited Mr. A. S. Trollip, a South-African White, to speak at the symposium. Mr. Talyarkhan replied that as Mr. Trollip was not present at the meeting the question did not arise at all. Mr. Adi Munshi protesting against the evasive answer of the Chairman stated that invitation to Mr. Trollip was an insult to the Indian people. The excitement vanished as Mr. Talyarkhan promised that the question will be considered by the Group on some future occasion.

Mr. Anklesaria, Secretary of the Group explained at the fag-end of the meeting that Mr. Trollip was invited as he was a naturalized British Indian subject having stayed in India for 27 years.

Speakers at the symposium were Dr. Jos. Alban De'Souza and Mr. S. L. Silam, Secretary of the B.P.C.C. Dr. De'Souza explained why the "Greater Bombay Scheme" was necessary. Time had come when the city required to be linked up with the suburbs. Expansion was the prime need of the city. The Town-Planning Panel appointed by the Government had therefore recommended that the city and the suburbs should join hands and contribute for their mutual development. The Greater Bombay Scheme included in its area the Bombay City, the Bombay Suburban District, a part of the Thana District, a part of the area of Ambarnath and Trombay. The panel had recommended that the extension of the municipal limits under the new scheme shall be carried out by suitable stages.

Mr. S. L. Silam referred to the appalling condition of housing accommodation in the city and showed how the Greater Bombay Scheme had tried to solve that problem. He said that the Congress Government was willing to offer necessary help to co-operative housing societies who would undertake the work of building construction.

Mr. N. V. Modak, Municipal Commissioner, stressed the need of a "master plan" for the expansion of the city. The authors of the plan, he said, must have in view not only those areas which are to be absorbed at present but also those which may be absorbed in future.

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REGISTERED OFFICE: 12, Chowringhee Square, CALCUTTA

AUTHORISED CAPITAL.. Rs. 8,00,000
ISSUED CAPITAL ... Rs. 5,00,000

(Divided into 30000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10/ each & 2000 (6 p. c. tax free Redeemable, Cumulative) Pref. Shares of Rs. 100/ each (Redeemable at par). Payable for each kind: 50 p. c. with application & 50 p. c. on allotment & Re. 1/ admission fee.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.. Rs. 4,78,950
(ORDINARY SHARES ALL SOLD)

PAID-UP CAPITAL .... Rs. 1,40,494

We have purchased from M/S. James Finlay & Co. Ltd., the Hingajia Tea Estate of Assam in a running condition with a granted area of 3444.80 acres including valuable Forests, Tools, Plant & Machinery belonging thereto & have paid up Rs. 3,00,000/ being the consideration price of the said property

Expected Crop for 1946. . . . . 3,500 Mds.
Expected Income for 1946. . Rs. 1,78,000

A FEW PREF. SHARES & A LIMITED NUMBER OF ORDINARY SHARES (By transfer only) ARE STILL AVAILABLE AT PAR.

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Head Office: 12, Chowringhee Square, CALCUTTA.

A dividend Paying Growing National Concern.

CAPITAL

AUTHORISED	Rs.	1,00,00,000 -
ISSUED	Rs.	99,28,000 -
SUBSCRIBED	Rs.	20,26,000 -
PAID-UP	Rs.	7,83,630 -

WORKINGS OF THE COMPANY

* SILK REELING FACTORY: Company's factory at Jhumka (Murshidabad) is regularly manufacturing Silk Yarn of very superior quality which are being consumed in all the leading Silk Mills in India.
* COTTON MILLS. The Company has secured consent of the Central Govt. to issue further Capital of Rs. 88,28,000/- divided into 176560 Shares of Rs. 50/- each to start a fully equipped Cotton, Spinning & Weavings Mills, THROWN SILK MILLS & SPUN SILK MILLS. Suitable Site at Ranaghat already purchased for the Cotton Mills and application for import of necessary machineries already registered.

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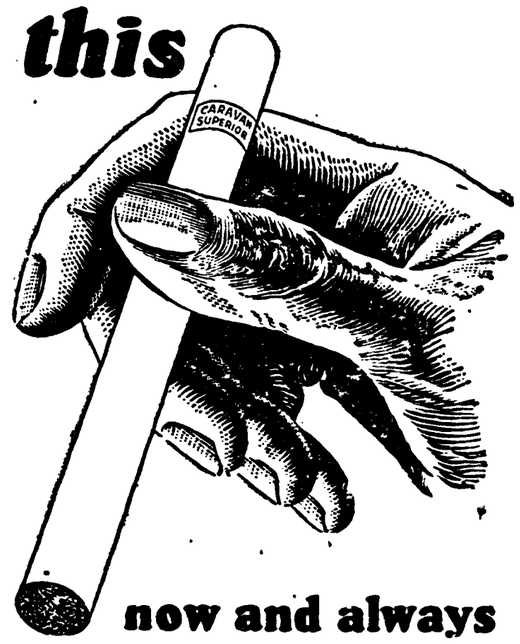

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Empress of Emotions
HIND PICTURES' SOCIAL

MABAP KI LAJ

Direction NANABHAI BHATT
Daily 4-30, 7-15, 10 & 4, 7, 10
BROADWAY & KAMAL

Hum Ek Hain

CENTRAL 5TH WEEK
Daily: 4, 7 & 10. Matinees at 1-0 on Sun. Holidays.
Advance Booking 10 to 12, 4 to 6.
A "Famous" Release

8th Week of BIG CROWD PULLING
PRADEEP Pictures
Rukmini Swayamwar
DURGA KHOTE, RATNAMALA, BABURAO PENDHARKAR
MAJESTIC
Hindi: 4 & 10 p. m.
Marathi: 7 p. m.
Fri., Sat., Sun. Marathi 1 p. m.

4TH WEEK!
NAVYUG'S Thrilling Hit
ROOM NO. 9
Starring: GEETA NIZAMI
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 p.m.
KRISHNA

LAST DAY
SHALIMAR'S
PRITHVIRAJ
SANYUKTA
LAMINGTON
Daily: 4, 7, 10.

3RD WEEK OF POPULARITY!
CHITRA Productions'
JHUMKE
JAGIRDAR, AKHTAR, LALITA
Daily: 4, 7, 10; Sun. 1 p.m.
NEW WEST END

Y-MOTH
Destroys Bugs, Moths and all irritating insects.
Guard your clothing, linen, curtains, blankets, rugs and valuable documents from destruction.
Every household must be protected, shop-keepers need guard their valuable stocks.
Price As. 12 only
for a tin of fifty tablets.
Packing and postage extra.
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CALCUTTA and BOMBAY.
Calcutta enquiry office:
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Available at all reputable Chemists, Druggists and Stores.

LAST TWO SHOWS IN BOMBAY
ON STAGE
The first INDIAN NATIONAL OPERA
In HINDI
ASHOK AND MEDHAVEEN
Acclaimed by the members of the A.I.C.C. and highly praised by Smt. Vijayalaxmi Pandit and Poet Harindranath Chattopadhyaya
SUNDAY 14th JULY
Morning at 9-15 a. m.
AT
NOVELTY

3RD HOUSE-FULL WEEK!
PRAFULLA'S Mythological Hit
SUBHADRA
Producer & Director: WINAYAK
Starring:
SHANTA APTE (COURTESY S. A. CONCERNS) & PREM ADIB
ROXY Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
AN 'I.F.C.' RELEASE

NEK PERVIN
A moving tale of a woman
Director: S. M. YUSUF
Ragini, Ulhas, Yakub, Kumar
4TH WEEK
NOVELTY
Daily: 4, 7, & 10

LAST TWO SHOWS
To-day 6 & 9-30 p.m.
DEEWAR
Prithvi Theatres' Stage Hit
Royal Opera House

From TOMORROW
Comes youth on wings of Romance
A Romantic Tale that
Dares to be Different!
MAIN KYA KARUN?
SURRAIYA—Pahari SANYAL—AGHA—E. Billimoria & SHAH NAWAZ
Daily 4, 6-45 & 9-30
Sat. Sun. Matinee at 1 p.m.
Plans open daily
9-30 to 12-30 & 2-30 to 5
From TO-MORROW
CAPITOL
A Diamond Release thru'. Dawalat Corp.

ALL INDIA PREMIERE
TO-MORROW AT 4 P.M.
SOBHAGYA PICTURES,
Daily 4, 7, 10
A. 'PRAKASH Production'
ZAMIN ASMAN
Direction:
DWARKA-KHOSLA
CAST: Jeeven, Ranjna, Kusum Deshpande, and others.
Ad. Booking 10 to 11-30 & 4 to 6-30
AN EVERGREEN RELEASE
LAMINGTON

OPENING TOMORROW AT 4 P.M.
AT
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
PANJIT'S Hit of the Season
DHARTI
Starring: MUMTAZ SHANTI, TRILOK KAPOOR, PADMA BANNERJI
Director: MANIBHAI VYAS
AD. Booking:
9-30 to 12-30 & 3 to 6-30

HE DREADED GOING TO WORK

Could Hardly Bear the Pains in His Arms

BUT KRUSCHEN PUT HIM RIGHT

Rheumatic pains in his arms made it torture to use them. No wonder he dreaded going to work. Yet to-day he feels fitter than ever, and work is a pleasure. His letter tells how this came about:—

"I had been suffering from rheumatism very badly," he writes, "and had such pains in my joints that I could hardly bear it. It used to be terrible on a wet day. I did not know how to use my arms, and when I was at work it was real torture. I tried two different remedies for rheumatism, but I was still as bad after the treatment.

"Then I was told to try Kruschen Salts, and after using one bottle I found relief. So, of course, I have kept on with it and am now thoroughly better and have never felt so fit for years. I used to feel so miserable and sluggish but now it is a pleasure to be able to work, instead of a dread."

—S.B.

The pains and stiffness of rheumatism are mainly caused by deposits of uric acid in the muscles and joints. Kruschen Salts stimulate your liver and kidneys to healthy, regular action and assists them to get rid of that excess uric acid which is the cause of so much suffering.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all good chemists and stores.

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Contains Monthly and Weekly forecasts on YOUR Finance, Profession, Marriage, Health and Home for the rest of this year.
Send YOUR Date of Birth to-day
FEES Rs. 2 BY M.O. or V.P.
Prof.. SEKHAR ELLORE

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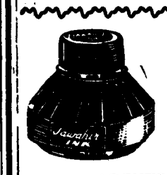
Due to shortage of raw materials, we are unable to manufacture large quantities. But we hope to do better soon.
BOMBAY SILK MILLS,
Colaba Road, BOMBAY.

GRAND PHYSICAL CULTURE DISPLAY
at
SIR COWASJI JEHANGIR HALL
ON
SUNDAY, 14th July, 1946
At 5-30 p.m.
WONDERFUL STRENGTH FEATS-STATUESQUE? POSING etc.
Tickets can be had from C. J. Hall on the day of the Performance.
Tickets available at:-
1 Asian Radio And Electric Co., 27, Mohamedally Road.
2 Easy Radios, Darvesh Mahal, Mohamedally Road.
3 Cafe Royal, Waterloo Mansion, Museum.
4 Shane Islam Restaurant, 141, Hornby Road, Fort.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AGENTS WANTED for BOMBAY
Apply:
KHADAYTA INDUSTRIAL WORKS.
PANCHKUVA, AHMEDABAD

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Shud 12, 2002.
Muslim: Shabban 11, 1365.
Parsi: Behman 11, 1315.
Sunrise 6-8 a.m. Sunset 7-20 p.m.
Hightide: 10.47, 21-59.
Lowtide: 03-38, 16 33.

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Meeting, at 3-40 p.m. (S. T.).

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION: Conversational Meeting with Prof. S. M. Nagamia on "Muslims and Commercial Education, at 6.15 p.m. at the Union Hall, near J. J. Hospital.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER and the Councillors of Ward No. 6, Bhuleshwar Market, will meet near the Pydhownie Junction in front of the Jain Temple, on Friday the 12th July, 1946 at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.) to go round the Ward. The residents of the Ward who have any difficulties to bring to light are invited to be present at the appointed place and time.

TELEPHONE WORKERS' UNION: Extraordinary general body meeting, at 6-30 p.m. in Jinnah Hall.

SIR MANGALDAS NATHUBHAI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY: The total number of patients treated in this dispensary during the month of June, 1946, was 1,845 of whom, 1,021 were males and 824 females.

MAZDAZNAN: To-day at 6 p.m., at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road, Mrs. Minnie S Mehta will deliver a public lecture on "Health and Breath Culture".

CENTRAL BANK EMPLOYEES' UNION: An urgent general body meeting of the Central Bank Employees' Union will be held at 6 p.m. at Cama Oriental Hall, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

YOUTHS PARLIAMENT: Under the auspices of the Youths Parliament and various other organisations, Mr. Asza, Representative of the Ceylon National Congress will speak on "Indians in Ceylon" at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty at 6-30 p.m. Mr. Nagindas Master will preside.

FORWARD BLOC: A public reception will be accorded to 1. Anand Mohan Sahay, Minister of Azad Hind Govt, 2. Major General Shah Nawaz and 3. Brig. Ashan Quadir of Azad Govt, Com. Ansar Harwani member of the A.I.C.C. will preside. Meeting at 3:d Bholwada, Gulalwadi at 9 P.M.

RECEPTION TO DR. KESKAR: Under the auspices of a number of city organisations a public reception will be given to Dr. Balkrishna Keskar the newly elected secretary of the All-India Congress Committee at the Congress House at 6-30 p.m. today.

KRISHNA PRASAD'S BROADCAST TODAY

Mr. Krishna Prasada, Director General Posts and Telegraphs Department, will broadcast a talk from the Delhi station of A.I.R. entitled "Postmen's Strike."

"R. A. F. Men On Strike"

The Staff Captain, Public Relation Office, (Army) writes:—

With reference to the news item entitled "R. A. F. Men on Strike" appearing in a recent issue of your paper, the following facts are forwarded for your information.

Firstly though the facts mentioned in the item are partially correct, it is pointed out that the headline is apt to give an impression that R. A. F. service personnel have struck work, while in facts as you have stated in the report it is only the civilians employed by the R. A. F. have gone on strike.

Secondly the three civilians workers mentioned in your report were dismissed because of unsatisfactory and disorderly behaviour, a fact which has not been brought out in the report.

INDIAN NATIONAL AIRWAYS: Owing to monsoon conditions, the daily return "U. P. Indiaman" service of Indian National Airways serving Delhi, Rampur and Lucknow, will with effect from 8th July 1946 call at Bareilly instead of Rampur. Departure times from Delhi and Lucknow remain unchanged. It is expected that this arrangement will be in force for about two months after which time the call at Rampur will be resumed.

Mr. Khedgikar & Railway Dispute Adjudication

Mr. I. R. Singh, Member of the Council of All-India Railwaymen's Federation writes:—

Some misleading report has appeared in the press saying that Syt. B. A. Khedgikar, the Communist candidate was defeated twice in the All-India Railwaymen Federation's meeting held on 7-7-46 in Bombay. I want to make it clear that in a meeting of the Nationalist group in the Council of the Federation, it was decided unanimously to put up Mr. Khedgikar as a Nationalist candidate. But to the surprise of the nationalist group, in the meeting of the Federation's Advisory Committee names contrary to the previous decision arrived at were supported betraying Mr. Khedgikar.

PUBLIC LECTURES ON VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE

The Mahomed Haji Saboo Siddik Institution Trust has invited "Dr. A. Brandt," Ph.D. (Germany) for a series of six lectures on Vocational Guidance, primarily for the benefit of teachers, but these lectures will be open to the public also. Dr. Brandt has extensive experience of Vocational Guidance in Germany and other places and it is hoped that her lectures will give the teachers simple class room methods of guiding pupils regarding the choice of their vocation.

The lectures will be held at M. H. Saboo Siddik Instn. Shepherd Rd., Bombay 8 at 6 P.M. (ST). daily between the dates 22nd July and 27th July.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

THURSDAY, July 11.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7.30 a.m. Keep Fit 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8.0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Pannalal Ghosh 8-45 Shantilal Shah 9.0 Basavraj.

12-0 p.m. Vanita Mandal (M) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Marathi Abhang Bhajan and Pad 1.25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music 4-20 School Broadcast (M. & G.) 5-0 Pannalal Ghosh 5-15 Merry-Go-Round 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6.15 Music from Film 6-30 U. L. Shah Nurani (H) 6-45 Baburao Gokhale 7-0 "Dhuli Phek" 7-30 Susheela Tembe 8.0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Aryaya: Dha Talk (G) by Chandrakant Sutaria 8-45 Gujarati poetry reading by Balmukund Dave 9.0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9.30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Commentary on sports by A. F. S. Taseyar Khan 10-0 Anna Sahanek: Soprano Polish songs 10.10 Interlude 10.30 Interlude 10-35 Dunstan Roberts: bass 10-45 Interlude 10-50 Hilda Flanders: Entertainer.

HIGH COURT MAKES UNUSUAL ORDER

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice & Mr. Justice Dixit)

Jehangir M. Jassawalla .... Petitioner (Original Complainant)
v.
(1) The King-Emperor, (2) S. H. Vaney ..... Opponents
.....(No. 2 Original Accused)

The petitioner is a 63-year-old sharebroker residing at Juhu. Adjoining the bungalow in which he resides is a large plot of land owned by his daughter. The 2nd opponent Vaney resides on one of the shacks on this land and disputes arose when he refused to vacate this shack. Various proceedings civil as well as criminal ensued. Ultimately on 29th June, 1945, the petitioner received a letter from Vaney charging him with having intruded upon his privacy and abusing and threatening to horse-whip the petitioner. The petitioner thereupon filed a complaint in the Presidency Magistrate's Court at Andheri charging Vaney with insult, criminal intimidation and wrongful restraint. Holding that the letter contained a mere heap of abusive expressions and that the threats were "sound and fury" signifying nothing, the Magistrate discharged Vaney on 29th April last. Aggrieved by this order of discharge, the petitioner applied to the High Court in Revision, contending that on Vaney's admission that Vaney had written the letter in question the Magistrate should have framed charges.

Remarking that it was undesirable that the parties should go on filing criminal proceedings against each other, Their Lordships dismissed the application when it came up for admission on Monday. It has stated to the court that Vaney had filed numerous complaints against various persons including the petitioner. Their Lordships ordered the issue of a notice to each party to show cause why orders should not be made preventing them from filing complaints without leave for a period of two years. For that purpose Their Lordships directed that the records of all criminal cases filed by either party after 1st September 1944 be sent for from all courts in Bombay.

Mr. K. J. Khandalavala with Mr. Pohchaji Jamshedji appeared for the petitioner.

INTERESTING CASE OF WITCHCRAFT

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice & Mr. Justice Dixit)

Chhagan Motiram & 7 others .. .... Appellants (Original Accused)
vs.
Imperator ..... Respondent

In July 1945 there was a serious outbreak of cholera in the village of Dhekwad in West Khandesh. On 30th July accused No. 1, a young man of 25 who called himself a witch-doctor went into the jungle with some villagers to find out the cause of the visitation of cholera carrying out certain experiments. As a result of these experiments, accused No. 1 pronounced that three women in the village bearing the names of Ambu, Saty and Jabhi aged 70, 45 and 28, were "dakins" (witches) and responsible for the epidemic. They were dragged out of their houses to the village chavdi and beaten to death. The eight accused had been convicted and sentenced to varying terms of imprisonment for the offences of unlawful assembly and grievous hurt. On appeal to the High Court, notice of enhancement of sentence was issued against the accused.

Delivering judgment, the Chief Justice said that in this whole occurrence which was a most shocking one, accused No. 1 was the moving spirit. The only extenuating circumstance that the people were in the midst of a serious cholera epidemic in which their relatives were dying around them. In the circumstances Their Lordships enhanced the sentence on Accused No. 1 to 7 years' R.I. for grievous hurt and two years' R.I. for unlawful assembly, the sentences to run consecutively. The sentences on the other accused were also enhanced to four years' R.I. and one year's R.I. consecutively on each charge, except accused No. 8 whose conviction was quashed and who was acquitted as the evidence against him was very slender.

Mr. G. M. Joshi appeared for the accused.

The Government Pleader appeared for the Crown.

ALLEGED GANGSTERS FIRED ON
One Injured & Admitted Into Hospital: Three Arrested

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A City Police officer opened fire with his revolver in self defence when he and a party of constables raided a room at Royal Opera House at noon today in search of a gang of Pathans alleged to have been involved in a number of cases of robbery in city. One of the Pathans was injured and admitted into Hospital while three others were arrested.

It appears, on seeing the police approaching the room the members of the gang made an attempt to escape but finding no way out one of them drew out a revolver from his pocket with a view, it is said to shoot the police officer but the officer was too quick for him and before he or any one of them could shoot or use their knives he fired a shot with his revolver. One of the Pathans received injuries on his leg and fell down while the three others surrendered. When the room was searched, a revolver and 50 cartridges were recovered.

Wedding Of Dr. Deshmukh's Daughter

The wedding of Dr. G. V. Deshmukh's daughter, Miss Sushela; was celebrated on Monday with Mr. Vasant son of Mr. Ram Krishna Hareshwar and Mrs Shardabai Pandit.

COMPULSORY RIFLE PRACTICE FOR BOMBAY STUDENTS

Mr. W. S. Mukadam M.L.A. Panch Mahals West has requested permission of the Bombay Legislature Congress Party, to move a resolution recommending the appointment of a committee to report on prison conditions and jail reform and also a Bill to enforce compulsory physical training and Rifle practice in the educational institutions of the province.

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ICE-REFRIGERATOR

Price Rs. 475/- or Rs. 177/- down, plus Rs. 27/8 p.m for 12 months.
Ice, (25 lbs. per day) home-delivered in Bombay and Suburbs only, at Rs 15 p.m. including delivery charges.
Capacity: 4-1/2 cu. ft
NO ELECTRICITY! NO GAS!
THE "OLYMPOS" Freezor is the last word in simplicity. It works on ice only—at a cost of about Rs. 15/- monthly. Neither electricity nor gas being necessary, there is no risk of fire, fumes, gas leaks or noises.
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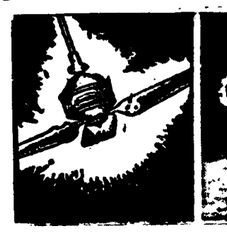
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Do not be disappointed if your demands are not met in time. We are making efforts to meet all your requirements and
I. E. W. Fans
are worth waiting for.
INDIA ELECTRIC WORKS LTD.
6, PHEROZSHAH MEHTA ROAD FORT, BOMBAY.

For over half a century
Since the time William Makepeace Thackeray wrote in "The Virginians",
... "There's no sweeter Tobacco comes from Virginia and no better brand than the Three Castles".
people have recognised the fine quality of Wills's "Three Castles" cigarettes.
WILLS'S
Three Castles
CIGARETTES
☆ Our illustration depicts The Strand, famous London street running from Temple Bar to Charing Cross, and so named because it originally formed the north bank of the Thames.
W. D. & H. O. WILLS, BRISTOL & LONDON

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, July 10, (A. P. I.). The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from June 1, and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m. to-day:—

Abu 76 66 0 1.3 minus 9.6 Ahmedabad 94 79 0 5.2 minus 2.0 Ahmednagar 87 71 0 8.2 minus 0.1 Ajmer 93 78 0 4.0 minus 0.4, Akola 91 75 0 0.5 plus 1.3, Amraoti 87 73 0 13.9 plus 4.4 Aurangabad 86 70 0 11.3 plus 4.2 Bangalore 82 66 0 3.6 minus 0.6 Baroda 90 80 0 13.4 nil, Belgaum 76 69 0.1 10.6 minus 2.2, Bhopal 85 75 0 14.9 plus 4.3, BOMBAY 86 80 T 26.7 minus 1.5, Calcutta 91 80 0.1 10.6 minus 5.3, Cherrapunji 69 65 8.5 174.2 plus 34.7, Cocanda 95 81 T 4.3 minus 2.7, Cuttack 93 72 0.9 16.9 plus 5.2, Delhi 93 74 0.5 7.6 plus 3.0, Gorakhpur 83 73 0.3 12.3 plus 0.6, Gulbarga 93 73 T 8.8 plus 3.1, Honavar 86 70 1.0 67.3 nil, Hyderabad (Dn) 93 76 0 5.1 minus 0.9, Jaipur 91 80 0 3.5 minus 1.2, Karachi 90 84 0 1.3 plus 0.1, Khandwa 89 80 0 15.0 plus 6.4, Lahore 101 82 0.1 4.1 plus 0.8, Lucknow 85 78 0.5 10.5 plus 2.3, Madras 94 75 0.1 2.4 minus 0.7, Mahabaleshwar 66 63 0.3 77.9 plus 72, Marmagao 84 nil nil nil nil, Mysore 80 68 0 4.9 plus 1.7, Pachmarhi 74 67 0.1 16.9 plus 0.60 Patna 82 79 0.4 minus 4.4, Peshawar 108 79 0 0 minus 0.6, Poona 83 72 T 3.1 minus 3.3, Rajkot 93 78 0 9.4 plus 2.3, Sholapur 88 74 0 7.5 plus 1.7, Surat 88 81 0 16.0 plus 1.9.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

It is common to overlook what is near by keeping the eye fixed on something remote. In the same manner present opportunities are neglected and attainable good is slighted by minds, busied in extensive ranges, and intent upon future advantages. Life, however short, is made shorter by waste of time.

—JOHNSON.

The Bombay Chronicle

NEW WORKING COMMITTEE

The new Working Committee formed by the Congress President possesses some interesting features. It contains more new and young blood and gives more representation to women than it has done so far. The old proportion of Muslim members is also restored. The veterans are sufficiently strong in numbers to reassure the conservative element in the country. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Dr. Rajendra Prasad have always been indispensables and will long continue to be so. Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, who does not much like being in Committees, has been persuaded to join this in view of the important role that his province is destined to play in the formation of the Indian constitution. The return of Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, one of the brainiest of Congressmen, is a useful suggestion to Congress Committees that the usefulness of a member is far more important than obsolete differences of opinion. The inclusion of Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant or Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose was hardly unexpected. Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai is an acquisition, he might have been in the Committee much earlier. Shrimati Kamaladevi and Mr. P. H. Patwardhan are muchneeded links with the Socialist school of thought, though the latter is not a member of the Congress Socialist Party. Mr. Fakhruddin Ahmad of Assam and Sardar Pratap Singh of the Punjab are also new members but have sufficient experience of work in the Congress. The same may be said of Miss Mridula Sarabhai and Dr. Balkrishna Keskar, the new Secretaries of the Committee. Many will miss in the Committee Mrs. Naidu and Mr. Kripalani but they are the last persons to stand in the way of younger persons coming in; and, after all, the President has already intimated his intention to invite normally these and other "elder statesmen of the Congress" to the meetings of the Committee. He will also invite representatives of Harijans, the Indian Christians and other important minorities. Altogether, with the help of old and new members alike and the guidance of Mahatma Gandhi, the new Working Committee may be trusted to work as an efficient team and, in the words of the "President, "prove true and faithful servants of India and our great national organisation in the trying days ahead."

The Committee will not be long in starting work on the Constituent Assembly. Even before its dissolution the old Committee appointed an expert Committee to prepare authoritative material for the Assembly. That Committee, including, among others, the President, Mr. Asaf Ali, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Sir N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, Prof. K. T. Shah, Prof. Humayun Kabir, and Mr. Santanam, is expected to collate legal, constitutional and other material necessary for the work of the Assembly and also draft a model constitution for free India, to serve as a basis of discussion in the Assembly. The Constitution may be a bare outline to begin with, but a strong case should be made out for its essential features, such as a strong Central Government with several more subjects than have been proposed by the Cabinet Mission. The problem of minorities and the place of the States in the new Constitution will demand considerable work, and it may be most fruitful if the expert Committee gets into contact with other similar bodies formed by other institutions. There is, for instance, the Committee appointed by the All-India States People's Conference to prepare material and draft proposals on behalf of the people of the States for the coming constitutional changes in India as a whole and internal changes in the States. In the Constituent Assembly the Congress will have to take the initiative and give the lead in all important matters. Congress will also have to see that the work of the Assembly is not unduly prolonged. It will, therefore, have to be well prepared for all kinds of problems that may suddenly arise in the Assembly. Work in that direction, therefore, cannot begin too soon. It is clear that the new Working Committee will soon be confronted with abnormally heavy responsibilities. But we feel confident that with the full co-operation of the public it will discharge them quite successfully and worthily.

How Businessmen Can Help

At a reception given to them by the members of the Indian Merchants' Chamber on Tuesday Pandit Nehru and Maulana Azad, the new and the retiring Presidents of the Congress, paid a just compliment to Bombay businessmen on the part many of them had played in the struggles led by the Congress and expressed their hope that more businessmen would evince even greater zeal and enthusiasm in national affairs. Businessmen can help the country in a variety of ways. They can start new industries, develop old ones and finance and otherwise help small cottage industries in rural areas. Without greater purchasing power among the villagers owners of big industries will not find large enough markets for their products. Honest businessmen can also help Government much in combating black marketing and profiteering. Finally, many businessmen can, with advantage to themselves and the country take a direct part in the political work of the country. There is a fear in the minds of many that business magnates may get into unfair business relations with the British and thereby help them to exploit India economically even after she becomes politically free. Nationalist businessmen should see to it that there is no ground for such fear.

Frankly Speaking

Harijans' Delegation To Gandhiji

Some members of the Scheduled Castes Federation are organising a delegation to Gandhiji to obtain from him "clear-cut replies to certain questions to be put to him and they propose to lead a "morcha" to his residence if the delegation is not received by him. We are sure Gandhiji will be but too glad to receive a delegation of Harijans, though he may take time to answer a number of questions that may be sprung upon him. As a matter of fact at almost every prayer meeting he speaks on the welfare of Harijans, among other topics. And in almost every issue of "Harijan" he writes on that very topic, often answering questions. If he offers to answer the proposed questions in "Harijan", the answers will not only be clear-cut but also enlighten other Harijans than the questioners and others interested in Harijan welfare.

Another "Stormy" Session

The discussion of the German problem by the "Big Four" Foreign Ministers began in a "stormy" session with M. Molotov making a "tremendous onslaught" on Mr. Byrnes's plan and Mr. Byrnes, no doubt, replying equally tremendously. The German problem is much more difficult than the Italian. It will take longer, much longer, to secure an agreed solution and it will also produce far more stormy sessions and deadlocks. The reason is simple, namely, a power-politics struggle over Germany between the Soviet Union, on the one side, and the United States and Great Britain, on the other. Even if an agreed settlement is eventually reached it will have in the process created a good many problems. The outlook for the speedy and satisfactory restoration of real and permanent International peace, is not very bright

Planning The Betrayal

According to Reuters a report is attributed to the chief Rabbi of Tel Aviv, "who came straight from a House of Commons conference", to the effect that the members of the Executive of the Jewish Agency in Palestine have been released from custody. We shouldn't be surprised if they were released although there is absolutely no doubt that they were involved in the terrorism against which the British had moved so belatedly. The point that we want to emphasise is not that the members of the Executive have been released, but that the Zionists have a tremendous influence on the British Government and British leaders. They have the entree at will to Downing Street and Whitehall, they have a large number of supporters and sympathisers in Parliament, of whom, indeed a sizeable number are Jews. The Arabs have no supporters and, of course, no Arab is an M.P. or a noble Lord. Upon such a British Government, moreover, is being exercised a cynically open and mighty pressure by the mighty Mr. Truman and his Government. His "deputy members" are already on their way to London with the object of formulating along with their British counter-parts, the plans for the betrayal of Palestine as recommended by the Anglo-American Commission. The gravity and imminence of the danger are only too obvious The Arabs see it and are preparing to meet it. But the Muslim League and its leaders do not seem to be aware of it at all!

The Nawabzada Explains

Explaining why the Council of the All-India Muslim League has been called at Bombay on July 28, the General Secretary, Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan, recalls that the Cabinet Delegation "have broken their solemn pledges given in writing to the Muslim League" in respect of the formation of an Interim Government. He also recalls that the Congress has accepted the Long Term Plan on the basis of its own interpretation regarding grouping which differs from the interpretation by the Cabinet Mission. These two factors, the Nawabzada says—and we have no doubt that he is doing no more than echoing the views and instructions of Mr. M. A. Jinnah—have made it necessary that the Council of the All-India Muslim League which accepted the State Paper on June 6 "should examine the whole position and decide as to what course of action should be adopted by the Muslim League under the changed circumstances."

Belated Awakening

The "changed circumstances" and the "serious developments", meaning the two things mentioned above, occurred over a fortnight ago. Being 'serious" one would have naturally expected the High Command of the Muslim League to call a meeting of the Council immediately after the Viceroy's letter to the League. How is it that it has taken a fortnight to decide about calling the meeting? Nothing has happened in the meantime? But, perhaps, we forget. Recently a Commons' debate on the Cabinet Ministers' Mission was promised by Herbert Morrison. And may be the Viceroy is expected to resume negotiations for an Interim Government before July 28. Is it the idea that with the fear of a Council meeting looming on the horizon, the British will try to accommodate Mr. Jinnah by a pro-League ruling on the grouping clause and by surrendering to his absurd demand regarding Interim Government? But what if the British Government and the Viceroy remain equivocal in one matter and decline to "by pass" the Congress in the other? And what if a Muslim League veto on the Constituent Assembly is not conceded?

POINTS FROM LETTERS

MR. A. REBELLO asks members of the clerical profession to form clerks' unions with a view to secure redress of their grievances from their employers by presenting a united front.

A GOVERNMENT SERVANT writes with reference to the petition rules regarding Government servants that Government should not place too much reliance on "manufactured confidentials" and that no remarks there in should be forward to higher authorities without the explanation of the person concerned.

"A CITIZEN OF POONA".—You have neither signed. Your letter nor given address. Letters without the signature and address of the writes cannot be published.

Our Readers' Views

Suggestion For Interim Government

Sir,—The correspondence that had pased between the Viceroy and the leaders of the Indian National Congress and the Muslim League will disclose to careful readers the fact that the main reason for the failure of the Viceroy's plan for the formation of an Interim Government was that the approach to the parties was made in a direct manner which, in the prevailing circumstances, was bound to be full of risks. Success would have crowned the Viceroy's efforts, if, instead, an indirect approach had been made in a semi-constitutional manner which the parties would have felt bound to respect. The Viceroy has indicated that he would resume his negotiations for the formation of the Interim Government "after the elections to the Constituent Assembly have been completed." As these elections will be over by the end of the current month, may I venture to suggest a method of approach to the problem which, while being quite effective, will be fair not only to the two major parties, viz. Congress and League, but also to all other interests that deserve to be represented in the Interim Government?

My suggestion is that the Legislative Assemblies of the eleven provinces should be asked by the Viceroy to nominate one person each, either from amongst the members of the Assembly or from outsiders, for inclusion in the Interim Government. The eleven members thus elected should be empowered to elect three more persons to represent special interests which have failed to secure representation or have not been adequately represented through the previous election. The fourteen persons thus elected should, along with the Viceroy, compose the Interim Government.

Let us see how such a plan would work out in practice. As things stand at present, seven Assemblies, namely those of Bombay, Madras, Central Provinces, United Provinces Behar, Orissa and Assam, are predominantly Hindu in composition and the remaining four, viz. those of Bengal, Punjab, Sind and N.W.F. Province, are predominantly Muslim in composition. As a result the first seven Assemblies are bound to nominate seven Hindus and the latter four, four Muslims. Now, the Congress, which controls the Ministries in the former seven provinces, claims to be a non-communal organisation though Hindus preponderate in its ranks and so it can be legitimately suggested to it that it should be content with having only four caste Hindus in the Interim Government and that the three remaining seats in its control should be allotted to a Sikh, a Scheduled Caste member and an Indian Christian respectively. As regards the four predominantly Muslim provinces, looking to the composition of their Assemblies, the latter are bound to nominate two League Muslims (from Bengal and Sind) a Unionist Muslim (from the Punjab) and a Congress Muslim (from N.-W.-F.P.) Thus the eleven Provinces will nominate 4 Congressite Caste Hindus, 2 League Muslims, 1 Unionist Muslim, 1 Congressite Muslim, 1 Sikh 1 Scheduled Caste member and 1 Indian Christian Now, these eleven members should be asked to nominate a Parsi, a Schedule Caste member and a representative of the Fighting Forces in the country. The extra representation to be given to the Scheduled Castes is due to them because they number 40 to 50 millions and form the third largest minority in the country.

Elected in the manner outlined above, the personnel of the Interim Government will consist of 4 Congressite Caste Hindus, 2 League Muslims, 2 Scheduled Caste members, 1 Unionist Muslim, 1 Congressite Muslim, 1 Sikh, 1 Indian Christian, 1 Parsi and 1 representative of the Fighting Forces. In such a composition the legitimate claims of all important political parties, communities and other special interests in the country will have been met. Caste Hindus, though they vastly outnumber the Muslims, will have parity with the latter, so as to permit of important minorities, which cannot be ignored, being adequately represented. The Muslim League can have no legitimate grievance in the face of this parity. If it does not secure more than two seats in the Interim Government it has to blame itself that no more than two ministries out of eleven owe allegiance to it.

It is my earnest hope that some such plan as I have outlined above, which will be fair to all parties, will commend itself to the Viceroy and the British Government.

KRISHNA KUMAR

Why Not Indian Games?

Sir,—Referring to Mr. D. F. Karaka's remarks under the caption "Off my Chest" it seems that he has not read the full article but only one third of the same. The said article was cut and published by the "Bombay Chronicle" in the form of a letter. I would request Mr. Karaka to go through the whole of the article wherein I have shown how the British introducer has screened off Indian games giving encouragement to the foreign games. I have not at all advocated abolition of foreign games, but as a matter of fact, I have advocated that the foreign games as well as Indian games should be equally treated and nurse until such time as Indian games also would be popular and played all over the world. It is not necessary for me to instruct an Indian how to play Indian games or the game of Tu Tu Tu. Every Indian is supposed to know Indian games. I have definitely said that imperialist games must quit India, but at the same time. I have also stressed the point that this step should not be hasty and Indian games should be encouraged by newspapers and filmconcerns to such extent that a time would come in the years to come when we can safely say "good-bye" to the British and foreign games.

M. D. KALE.

Bombay Radio Station

Sir,—As pointed out by Mr. J. B. Dave in his letter which appeared in your esteemed paper of 21-6-46 the classical music broadcast by the Bombay Station of the All-India Radio demands much improvement in its quality. I fail to understand how the selection of musicians is made when persons to whom music is an amateurist interest find their way to the mike easily and others to whom music is a life-time devotion do not get the opportunities which they deserve. The music programmes give an impression that the music department of the station has no definite policy of selection of artistes or it is guided by its own preferences and prejudices.

The treatment accorded to Gujarati musicians is obviously not fair. The station authorities ought to find out capable Gujarati musicians and do justice to them by asigning to them classical programmes of sufficient length. Talent should be the criterion of the selection of the artistes variety and high quality should be the aims of the music programmes.

P. G. THANAWALA.

Jugal Baug, Thana.

FREEDOM OF LONDON FOR MOUNTBATTEN

LONDON, July 10, (Reuter): In London's historic Guildhall to-day, Lord Louis Mountbatten, late Supreme Allied Commander, South-East Asia, received Freedom of the city of London.

Bernard Shaw, At 90, Expects Death

And Is "Busy As A Merchant"

(By Elkan Allan)

Bernard Shaw, who is 90 next month, does not give interviews. He expressly says so in a printed pink card that adorns the files of every journalist who ever tried to see him. Yet, occasionally, there does appear in print a discussion he has had with a reporter. This one is such.

How was it obtained?

The story began a year ago. One Sunday morning last summer, I sent a telegram to him: "Am arriving this afternoon, would appreciate your seeing me." I arrived, he saw me, complaining that I had merely come to "see the animal." I assured him that it was only a case of a young man with ambitions wanting to meet an old man with achievements. So we talked for an hour. That was a year ago, and, when I left, he said, "Come and see me again."

So, the other day, I sent him a telegram again. "May I take advantage of kind offer made last year to see me again? Arriving P.M." This time he was less pleased. But again we talked. "If you want to see me again, give me time to refuse," he said as we parted.

LONDON, June 6.—Visitors who stare at the red-brick house in Ayot St. Lawrence, a small village in Hertfordshire, England are rarely rewarded by a sight of the tall, thin-bearded man who lives there. For George Bernard Shaw is an old man now, and though he is still young in heart, his legs are old and tired.

On July 26, 1946, he will be 90 years old, but there will be no celebrations at Shaw Corner, for he has not believed in birthdays since his childhood, when they were frowned upon in his eccentric Dublin home.

He sees few visitors these days. The brilliant philosopher and playwright has outlived his more intimate friends and is two or three generations removed from most of the people who come to see him.

He still wears his familiar tweed suits with woollen shirts (he once appeared in London in an overall of brown wool) and heavy walking shoes. He looks well enough but, without his stick, he cannot walk far and with it not much farther. The famous beard is whiter now and sparser than a year ago, but his handshake is still firm and vigorous. And his eyes are still as bright and blue as a baby's.

FEW ACTIVITIES

Shaw's outside activities are few: he took no part in last year's General Election, other than writing letters of support to a handful of candidates of various political opinion with whom he happened to agree on some small policy. He has not left his country home for over a year. Dublin wanted him to come and collect the freedom of the city they are conferring on him but he refused. "A dotard hobbling on a stick would not grace itself," he says.

So he stays in his village, working in his study and in the revolving summerhouse in the garden. He could not even attend a performance of St. Joan by school children four miles away. "I wanted to walk but I couldn't get that far," he explained.

Around him are the tangible memories of a lifetime. On the mantelpiece is a china bust of Shakespeare which he bought at Frinton back in the 19th century for 23 shillings, and "one of those damn things they give away in America," the Academy Award for Pygmalion. On the walls are Italian landscapes by Sartorio, and a portrait of the late Mrs. Bernard Shaw by the same painter. On a special shelf stands a superbly bound copy of T. E. Lawrence's Seven Pillars, and there are busts of G. B. S., himself, by Rodin and Troubets Kay. He has left them and his home to the National Trust. Although he has not yet seen Caesar and Cleopatra in its finished film state, he has already reworked St. Joan for the movies. It will follow Caesar and Cleopatra in due course.

"I should think every star in the films has been suggested for the title part," he said, "but we haven't made our final choice yet." The amateur volunteers for it are, of course, countless. Many girls are writing to him suggesting themselves for the part.

WHAT SURPRISED HIM MOST

He is thinking ahead of the world, too. While most people do not look beyond the atom bomb for a war-weapon, Shaw thinks the atom bomb itself has not brought war any nearer. "Suppose someone invented an efficient poison gas," he mused, "which could be dropped on a city killing all its inhabitants while leaving the city intact. Then the industries could be taken over and war would begin to pay."

Internationally, the event which most surprised him was Hitler's attack on Russia. "This changed the whole balance of things," he said. "When the war began in Spain, it was frankly the Marxian class struggle, but it got confused when the Western Capitalists and the Soviet Union found themselves on the same side."

Britain's Labour Government has his support. But his views, he claims, go far beyond any form of Government at present in existence.

While he stays alone in Ayot, there are springing up all over Britain little groups of hero-worshippers known as "Shaw Societies." He is naturally pleased by their devotion, though rather alarmed by their idolatry. But he humors them.

The work that occupies him most is preparing for death, he has laid aside the beginnings of a topical play to tidy his desk so that everything will be straight when he dies. "I may last only another ten minutes or several years; but I have to be ready," he said.

If you have read his works you will know that Shaw is a "godless" man and that he is very keen on a thing he calls the Life Force. This he believes, urges us to live, whatever happens and under whatever circumstances, and to create. Just as he is a "writing advertisement" for vegetarianism (I suggested to him that he was a "walking advertisement," but he corrected me), so is he a thinking advertisement for the Life Force. For in the midst of preoccupation with death he is still planning for the future.

"There is so much to do," he said to me, "that I am working harder than a city merchant."—Copyright NANA.

Misuse Of U.N.R.R.A. For Political Purposes

Moscow's Charge Against England & America

MOSCOW, July 10, (A.P.A.): England and America are using the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration for specific political purposes and for putting pressure on those countries receiving aid, an article in the newspaper "Izvestia" charged today.

The article said that UNRRA supplies are distributed through a special inter-Governmental organisation which is "nothing other than an apparatus of the United States and Britain" and that those two countries are using that apparatus for "exerting directing pressure on UNRRA."

Chinese Representatives Denial

WASHINGTON, July 10 (Reuter).—Mr. Cheng Pao Nan, representative in Washington of the Chinese Relief and Rehabilitation Administration has expressed surprise that the Director General of UNRRA has ordered temporary cessation of supplies as a result of reports from UNRRA authorities in Shanghai that supplies were being persistently misused by the Chinese Government for political and other purposes.

On June 6, Mr. La Guardia informed the head of the Chinese Government that he would take action if the ports were not cleared.

All operational plans to clear the ports had been prepared and went into effect yesterday at noon.

Mr. Cheng Pao Nan said that he did not know the real reasons for the suspension of shipments. He was asking Mr. La Guardia for an explanation of the charges that supplies were being used for political purposes.

So-called Communist areas, he said, were not within the famine zone, except for one Province and some areas of the Hupeh Province. Some food had been sent to these provinces.

The policy of the Chinese Relief Administration was to distribute food without discrimination of race and of political creed, he added.

U.N.R.R.A. Protest Against Greek Govt.

ATHENS, JULY 10 (API).—UNRRA today lodged a vigorous official protest with the Greek Government against discrimination shown by the Greek Government officials in distributing UNRRA supplies to the people of Greece.

Surprise In Chinese Official Circles

SHANGHAI, July 10 (Reuter).—Dr. Tsing Fu Tsiang, Chairman of UNRRA's Far Eastern Committee, and Director of China's National Relief and Rehabilitation, today termed "unbelievable and unthinkable" the order by Fiorello La Guardia, UNRRA Director-General, temporarily stopping supplies to China.

La Guardia announced in Washington last night that the order had been given as a result of reports from UNRRA authorities in Shanghai that supplies were being persistently misused by the Chinese Government for political and other purposes.

A Reuter despatch from Nanking today said that UNRRA supplies sent to Communists in Jehol since the end of May included 170,000 tons of used clothing, 3,000 tons of tinned meat, 10,000 cases of condensed milk, 6,000 gallons of petrol, 20 spring beds and 50 cases of vegetable seeds.

Mr. La Guardia said last night that operational plans to clear ports of UNRRA supplies had been prepared and put into effect.

LEAGUE NOMINEES FROM BENGAL

CALCUTTA, July 10 (A.P.I.): The following 33 candidates selected by the All-India Muslim League Central Parliamentary Board, have been nominated for election to the Constituent Assembly by the Bengal Legislative Assembly:

Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan, Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin, Mr. M. A. H. Ispahani, Mr. K. Shahabuddin, Mr. Abdul Hashim, M.L.A., Mr. Raghib Ahsan, Khan Bahadur A. M. A. Abdul Hamid, M.L.A., Mr. Fazlur Rahman, M.L.A., Mr. Mujibur Rahman Khan, Mr. Abdul Kasem Khan, Khan Bahadur Ibrahim Khan, M.L.A., Maulvi Sirajul Islam, M.L.A., Mr. Tamizuddin Khan, M.L.A. (Central), Dr. Mahmud Hussain, Dacca, Mr. Mazharul Haque, Dacca, Sir Mahmud Azizul Haque, Khan Bahadur Abdulla-al-Mahmud, Khan Bahadur Ghyasuddin Pathan M.L.C. Mr. Hussain Mulik, Delhi, Mrs. Ikramullah, Khan Bahadur Bazlul Kareem, Maulana Shabbir Ahmad Usmani, Prof. Ishtiaq Hossain Quoreshi, Prof. Mahmud Hassan, Mr. Hamidul Huq Chowdhury, Maulana Abdulla-al-Baqui, Mr. Abdul Mansur Ahmad Prince Yusuf Mirza, Mr. K. Nooruddin Khan Bahadur Nazruddin Ahmad, Burdwan, Khan Bahadur Altaf Ahmad and Mr. M. S. Ali.

BENGAL CONGRESS NOMINEES

CALCUTTA, July 10 (U.P.I.): Following Congress nominees have filed nomination papers today for election to the Constituent Assembly:—

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Dr. Profulla Ghosh, Mr. Kiran Shankar Roy, Mr. Surendra Mohan Ghosh, Dr. Suresh Chandra Bannerjee, Mr. Gnan Majumdar, Mrs. Leela Roy, Maharajadhiraj of Burdwan, Dr. Shyamaprasad Mukherjee, Mr. Nishit Kundu, Mr. H. C. Mukherjee, Mr. D. A. Gurung, Mr. Radhanath Das, Mr. Hem Chandra Naksar, Mr. P. D. Raikut, Mr. Dhananjai Roy, Mr. P. R. Thakur, Mr. D. P. Khaitan, Mr. Ashu Mullick, Mr. Priya Ranjan Sen and Mr. Frank Anthony.

Another Congress nominee will also file nomination today.

Of these the Maharajadhiraja of Burdwan, Dr. S. P. Mukherjee, Mr. P. D. Raikut, Mr. P. R. Thakur, Mr. D. P. Khaitan and Mr. Frank Anthony are non-Congress members.

Mrs. Rickets, M.L.A. (Anglo-Indian) has filed nomination paper as an independent candidate.

SHAHRIAR'S NEW JOB

BATAVIA, July 10, (Reuter): The Indonesian Prime Minister, Dr. Sutan Shahriar was reported to have told a representative of the official Indonesian News Agency to-day that he had been appointed Minister for Foreign Affairs in the new Indonesian Cabinet.

PATERSON RETAINS TITLE

GLASGOW, July 10, (Reuter): World Flyweight Championship result: Jackie Paterson, Holder, beat Joe Curran on points.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

"LIVERPOOL, July 9: All the members of the Executive of the Jewish Agency in Palestine have been released from custody, the chief Rabbi of Tel Aviv, Rabbi J. Untermaun, who came straight from a House of Commons conference in London said at a meeting here to-night".

—Reuter

It is reported that the Governors of U P. Bihar and C. P are shortly expected in Simla to pay a visit to the Viceroy.

With a plaintive appeal against those impossible Ministers!

* * *

In his explanatory statement accompanying the summons, Prince Liaquat Ali says the Muslim League Council is meeting on July 28 in order to reconsider its earlier decision in the light of new developments.

And, after two days' intense reconsideration, to formulate revised reasons for accepting the British Cabinet's award.

* * *

Six other members in addition to the two recent dissidents refrained from attending the meeting of the Sind Muslim League Parliamentary Party called by Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah.

It was to "ensure" the success of candidates to the Constituent Assembly. Otherwise, of course the situation (Ministerial) is well in hand—in the capacious Mudie-Ghulam Hussein hand.

* * *

The Orient Press.—yes, sir, the Orient Press—reports that the Punjab Assembly Congress Party is quite hopeful of securing the election of a Congress Muslim Candidate to the Constituent Assembly with the support of some Muslim League M. L. A.'s.

In our considered opinion it is simply deplorable that the Orient Press itself should lend a hand in a naive war against the Qaid-e-Azam.

* * *

At a meeting of Anglo-Indians at Rawalpindi, Mr. C. E. Gibbons denouncing the Cabinet Mission, referred to the Indian National Congress as "our great political party"

Even the disservices of the Cabinet Mission have not been without their advantages.

* * *

Saying that in the Constituent Assembly he will represent only Anglo-Indians who have decided to make India their permanent home, Mr. Gibbons declared: "On no account can I lend myself to renegadism and egotistic individuals".

Better and better.

* * *

According to a Press report, the Communist majority in the Chandernagar Municipality has hauled down the French flag from the Municipal office and hoisted the Congress flag.

We are shocked and worried. Good heavens, what will comrade Maurice Thorez and comrade Jacque Duclos say?

* * *

"The 'Big Four' Foreign Ministers in a stormy session....discussed the German problem for the first time since May 16."—Reuter.

The situation has now resumed its normalcy.

Turkish Governor Murdered?

ISTANBUL, July 10, (A.P.A.): Investigators to-day were seeking to establish international and political implications in the shooting of Nezvat Tandoban, 53-year-old Turkish Governor of Ankara Province found dead in his villa yesterday.

Adding a sensational new development to an already thrill-packed murder trial in which he had given evidence the day before, Tandoban's death has been termed variously by newspapers and observers as an accident, murder and suicide.

JAWAHAR URGES RECONSIDERATION

LAHORE, July 10 (A.P.I.): Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru has sent an urgent message to-night to Sardar Niranjan Singh Gill and Sardar Pratap Singh to reconsider the decision to boycott the Constituent Assembly, it was learnt here to-night.

Pt. Nehru's message says: It is always possible even after the election to consider the policy of attendance or boycott. In any event, suggest that Congress Sikh members elect representatives pending consideration future policy. Otherwise conflict arises with Congress policy and programme."

Bombay Branch Of The Travancore Bank

Today a new banking institution will be opened in Bombay in the premises hitherto occupied by Messrs. Asquith and Lord on Mahatma Gandhi Road. It is the Bombay Branch of the Travancore Bank, Ltd., which was opened in Trivandrum towards the end of the last year.

Travancore State is one of the richest in natural resources. Various industrial concerns have been established within the State during the last few years. For the organisation and development of these industries and others under consideration additional banking facilities are called for. To meet these needs the new Bank has been established.

Although the Bank is a State-aided institution and will enjoy the patronage of the banking business of H. H. the Maharaja of Travancore and his Government, it will function as an independent Joint-Stock concern. The Board of Directors consists of prominent business men drawn from different centres and different communities, the chairman being Sir Rusom Masani who was at one time Manager of the Central Bank of India and thereafter Secretary to the Banking Enquiry Committee and a Director of the Reserve Bank of India. The Bombay Board of the Bank consists of Sir Rustom Masani and the Hon. Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal Motilal, Mr. Muiraj Kersondas, Sir Fazal Ibrahim Rahimtoola, Mr. Kaliyanji Devji Dharsi and Mr. Shapoorjee Pallonji Mistri. The Manager of the Branch is Mr. P B Vechalekar, lately Agent of the Imperial Bank of India at Akola.

The opening ceremony will be performed on Thursday, Mr. Vaikunth L. Mehta, Finance Minister.

INDIA WILL TEAR UP TREATY IF IMPOSED BY BRITAIN

Jawaharlal Warns Whitehall

CONGRESS ENTERS NEW SET-UP WITHOUT COMMITMENTS

"Sind Politics Scandalous: Mudie And Hidayatullah Must Be Pushed Out"

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"What we do in the Constituent Assembly we are entirely and absolutely free to determine. We have committed ourselves to no single matter to anybody. We would never accept any dictation or any directive from the British Government," declared Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressing his first press conference as the new Congress President this morning at the Congress House.

Averring that a peaceful change-over in India was bound to culminate in an Indo-British Treaty, Pandit Nehru said: "What exactly that Treaty will be I cannot say. But if the British Government presumes to tell us that they are going to hold anything in India because they do not agree either in regard to minorities or in regard to the Treaty, we shall not accept that position".

"We shall tear up any Treaty they try to impose on us. There will be an Indo-British Treaty only if they treat us as equals, without the slightest attempt at imposition", the Presiden reiterated.

APPEAL TO SINHALESE

Alluding to the Indian problem in Ceylon, Pandit Nehru said that the Congress did not want to do anything to embitter the already delicate relations between the nationals of this country and the Sinhalese. He hoped that the people of Ceylon, "who are our stock culturally, racially, linguistically and geographically", would live in closest union with India.

Mr. Abdul Aziz of Ceylon was present by special inmvitation.

The following were the highlights of the press conference:

CEYLON: "I hope a friendly but firm pressure from India would persuade the Ceylon Government to change their approach to the question of Indian settlers in Ceylon..... Despite the many grievances of Indian nationals in Ceylon against the Island Government's policy we did send some food to help Ceylon tide over the crisis. We did this because we did not want our grievances to be a pretext not to help them. After all, we are very much like a bigger brother to Ceylon-big in size and economic power—and one does not like to use such pressure as might normally be used in such a situation".

KASHMIR: "This matter has ceased to be, if ever it was, a personal adventure for me. This is one of the first-class issues before the country. Any action I take must be in consultation with the Working Committee of the Congress. In the normal course of events, I intend going to Kashmir in time for the next date of Sheikh Abdulla's trial".

MERE 'PIMPLES ON INDIA'S FACE!

GOA: "You cannot expect the Congress to lead agitations against little pimples on the face of India..... The Portuguese administration will disappear once British power vanishes from India."

SIND: "Sind politics have become a disgrace to the fair name of India. It is a scandal. Sind is a festering sore of corruption. It is time both the Premier and the present Governor of Sind are pushed out."

RUSSIA: "It is quite absurd to talk of any Russian bogey or Russian adventure in connection with the Kashmir troubles".

HYDERABAD: "Individual armies of the Indian States will cease to exist in a Free India. Of the Hyderabad Army I would say that its military history is one to inspire nobody".

GROUPING: "The North-West Frontier and Sind provinces will not be ready to be swamped by the Punjabi brother. As for Assam, the Assamese are strongly against grouping".

Referring to Ceylon, Pandit Nehru observed that the Congress hoped that a "friendly but firm pressure from India would persuade the Ceylon Government to change their approach to the question of Indian settlers in Ceylon." The Congress was not anxious to say or do anything which would embitter the feelings between the peoples of this country and Ceylon. The present trouble in that island began with the eviction of some hundreds of Indian labourers from the Knavesmere Estate. The recent policies of the Ceylon Government had been apparently almost deliberately designed to oust Indians from Ceylon or to make their existence miserable.

LET INDIANS IN CEYLON DECIDE

"I can understand," Pandit Nehru said, "the Ceylon Government say that only those Indians who choose to be Ceylon nationals should enjoy rights of Ceylon citizenship of full rank. I think Indians there, as Indians in Burma, will have to decide sometime or other whether they are nationals of the country they reside in, or whether they are nationals of India."

Pandit Nehru continued that most Indians in Ceylon were not people who had gone there for a short visit. They had lived there for generations as Ceylonese or as anybody. They might as well decide to be Ceylon nationals, not of course, cutting themselves away from India culturally. Some Indians in Ceylon might well choose to retain their nationality and not claim any special rights belonging to Ceylon as nationals. Even they shall have rights, he said, which every person enjoys so long as it does not offend the laws of that country. That was a fundamental position which the Congress agreed to.

Indian workers in Ceylon should be protected against unfair treatment, the Congress President emphasised. They were voteless and none cared for them. Now there was a process of squeezing them out by simply evicting them from the land they had occupied in some cases for forty years as workers.

"BAD" SCHEME

Pandit Nehru said that the scheme of the Ceylon Government for the settlement of these lands was not a "bad" scheme. What he felt strongly was that Indians should not be excluded from the operation of that scheme. No Government could simply push out large masses of people from the land or from anywhere without making any provision for them elsewhere in the shape of work.

Referring to the recommendations of the Congress Working Committee to the tea workers of Ceylon to call off their strike, the President said, "We do not want to increase the bitterness between the Indians and the Ceylonese, because ultimately our interests are alike and we have to pull together." It was quite easy for India to bring enormous pressure on Ceylon, apart from these strikes because to a considerable extent the economy of Ceylon depended on India.

Pandit Nehru pointed out that despite the many grievances of Indian nationals in Ceylon against the Ceylon Government's policy, India did send some food to help Ceylon tide over the crisis. "After all," he added, "we are very much a big brother to Ceylon—big in size and economic power—and one does not like to use such pressure as might normally be used elsewhere in such a situation." (laughter).

PANDIT TO GO TO CEYLON

Expressing the hope that the Ceylon Government would consider the broader aspects of the question and meet India at least half way, Pandit Nehru gave an indication that he might himself go to the island as soon as it was possible.

He said that two of the members of the Committee appointed by the Congress—Messrs. Ariyanayakam and Ramachandran—would go forthwith to Ceylon to investigate and report. Thereafter Pandit Nehru himself and Rajaji might follow.

Pandit Nehru appealed to the Indian press to take up the question of Indians in Ceylon and give the matter worthy publicity. "Deal with it not in an aggressive manner but rather in a firm, peaceful and friendly manner," he advised.

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

Answering qustions from the gathered newspapermen, the Congress President at length explained the implications of participating in the proposed Constituent Assembly. He reiterated his earlier statement that the Congress had made no commitment in regard to the long term or the short-term plan of the Cabinet Mission except agreeing to go into the Constituent Assembly. However, once the Congress went into the Assembly, its main objective would be to see how the Congress would certainly have to take into consideration the situation created by the Cabinet statement of May 16.

"But," added Pandit Nehru with emphasis, "the Constituent Assembly would never accept any dictation or any other directive from the British Government in regard to its work. The only two factors which limit the sovereignty of the Constituent Assembly are those relating to the minorities and the Indo-British treaty."

The British, he said, had no say in the minorities question which was purely the concern of Indians. As regards the Indo-British treaty, the Congress would not accept anything imposed by the British Government. "If the British Government seek to perpetuate any vested interests, the Congress will resolutely resist it."

FREEDOM OF ACTION

Asked to explain the conditions under which the Congress agreed to go into the Constituent Assembly, Pandit Nehru said, "The first thing is we have agreed to go into the Constituent Assembly and we have agreed to nothing else. It is true that in going into the Assembly we have inevitably agreed to a certain process of going into it, namely, election of the candidates to the Constituent Assembly. What we do there, we are entirely and absolutely free to determine. We have committed ourselves to no single matter to anybody."

Pandit Nehru went on: "When the Congress had stated that the Constituent Assembly was a sovereign body, the Cabinet Mission replied, 'Yes, more or less, subject to two considerations.' Firstly, proper arrangement for minorities and the other a treaty between India and Britain. I wish the Mission had stated both these matters are not controversial. It is obvious that the minorities question has to be settled satisfactorily. It is also obvious that if there is any kind of peaceful change-over in India it is bound to result in some kind of treaty with great Britain.

SHALL TEAR UP TREATY

What exactly that treaty would be could not say, Pandit Nehru said. But if the British Government presumed to tell India that they were going to hold anything in India because they did not agree either in regard to the minorities or in regard to the treaty, the Congress shall not accept that position. "We shall have no treaty if they seek to impose anything upon us, and we shall tear up any treaty they try to impose. If they treat us as equals and come to terms there will be a treaty. But if there is the slightest imposition, there will be no treaty."

"The probability is, from any approach to the question, that there will be no grouping", said the President, referring to grouping of sections as envisaged in the Cabinet proposals. Section A would decide against grouping. There was but little chance of the N.W.F.P. supporting grouping. It was highly probable that Bengal and Assam would decide against grouping. He could say with conviction and assurance that Assam would not tolerate grouping under any circumstances.

Every one outside the Muslim League was opposed to grouping, Pandit Nehru continued. In the matter of grouping, the League stood in splendid isolation.

Further, there was a good deal of feeling against grouping with the Punjab, both in the N.W.F.P. and in Sind, for economic and other reasons. Both these provinces were afraid of being "swamped" by the Punjab."

EARLY DEMISE OF CARETAKER GOVT?

"I cannot just peep into the future," Pandit Nehru replied, amidst laughter, when a pressman asked when the Provisional National Government would be formed at the Centre. For the moment they were engaged in the elections to the Constituent Assembly. "But remember this," he cautioned, "the Constituent Assembly is not going to put up easily for long with the kind of Caretaker Government that exists today. There is bound to be conflict between them. In fact, the Caretaker Government had no stability; nor is there any possibility of its long continuance."

When Pandit Nehru's attention was drawn to the forthcoming meeting of the All-India Muslim League Council at Bombay, Pandit Nehru said: "Whatever the Congress does is always intended to create new situations. I am glad that the League has realised that we have created a new situation. We propose to create further new situations. What we shall do if the League decides to do this or that depends on the new circumstances obtaining."

A reporter asked: "Should not the Indian National Congress launch on a direct action against the Portuguese administration in Goa?"

FRENCH WILL COMMIT "SATI"

Touched to the quick, Pandit Nehru replied sarcastically: "You cannot expect the Congress to lead agitations against small pimples (on the face of India). It is for the local people to do what they like, and the Congress will deal with the question when British power has vanished", adding amidst general laughter, "as it is vanishing." Pandit Nehru referred to the statement of the French Governor of Pondicherry that it would be open to the people of Pondicherry to join the proposed Indian Union. The Governor had stated that if the people of the settlement joined the Union, he himself would be prepared to become an Indian citizen.

KASHMIR—FIRST RATE ISSUE

"It is my intention to go to Kashmir, but I have not yet fixed any date, partly because I have some other important work to do, and partly because I have been watching certain developments there," answered Pandit Nehru to a question on Kashmir.

The Kashmir issue had ceased to be, if ever it was, just a personal adventure of his, he continued. The matter had to be treated on a more serious level. It had become one of the first-class issue of the country. It affected the future of Indian States. The parties concerned were not merely Mr. Nehru on the one side and the Kashmir State on the other, but the Indian National Congress and the States People's Conference on the one side, and the Political Department of the India Government and the Kashmir administration on the other. Normally speaking, he would go to Kashmir in time for the next date for Sheikh Abdulla's trial.

STATES ISSUE

On the question of Indian States 'vis-a-vis' the Constituent Assembly, Pandit Nehru said that only elected representatives from the Indian States should enter the Assembly. The Congress would never agree to the claims of the rulers to nominate their own men. The rulers did not represent, in the majority of cases, the will of the people and they had no right to impose their pleasure on the Constituent Assembly.

"A DISGRACE AND SCANDAL"

"Sind politics is the most corrupt in India," Pandit Nehru exclaimed in an after-thought on Sind. It was a disgrace and a scandal. A very big responsibility for this should rest with the present Prime Minister of the province. "I want to name him—Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah. There has been too much hush-hush about this. It is becoming an open sore in the country. It is the lowest type of politics. There are a number of legislators in Sind who have no politics in the strictest sense of the word."

"The whole thing," Pandit Nehru remarked after referring to the no-confidence issue before the Sind Ministry, "is a scandal; and the chief actors in this scandal are Mudie (Governor) and Hidayatullah. The sooner they are pushed out of their jobs the better."

UNION CENTRE

The "A.P.I." adds: Dealing with the powers of the proposed Union Centre, Pandit Nehru said according to the Cabinet Mission's proposals there were three or four basic subjects in it,—that is, Defence, Foreign Affairs, Communications and the power to raise finances for these. "Obviously, Defence and Communications have a large number of industries behind them. So these industries inevitably come under the Union Government and they are likely to grow. Defence is such a wide subject that it tends to expand its scope and activities more and more. All that comes under the Union Government.

Similarly, external affairs inevitably include foreign trade policy. You cannot have foreign policy if you divorce foreign trade from it. They include all manner of things which are not put down there but which can be brought in.

TAXATION

Referring to the question of raising finances for the Union, Pandit Nehru said it had to be done by taxation. "If anyone suggests that some kind of contribution or doles are going to be given by the Provinces or States, it is bunkum, No Central Goverment carries on doles."

He recalled how an attempt to carry on with contributors had ended in a failure in the United States in the early days of the American Confederation. "Inevitably therefore" he added, "any Central Government must raise its finances by taxation. I cannot make a list now but obviously Customs, including tariffs, is bound to be one. In act tariff is connected with foreign trade policy. It may be that income-tax will be another: I do not know what else."

Pandit Nehru pointed out that the Central Government must be responsible for foreign market, loans and such other subjects. It must also obviously control currency and credit. Who is going to do it, if not the Centre. You cannot allow each unit or province to carry on a separate type of credit and foreign policy.

STRONG CENTRE NECESSARY

"Suppose there is trouble between the Provinces or States, or an economic breakdown due to famine conditions. The Centre comes in again, inevitably. However limited the Centre might be, you cannot help the Centre having wide powers, because the past few years have shown that if there were no Central authority, the conditions would have been far worse in India. However the fact that there has been a Central authority has not done much good to the country, because it has been incompetent. It is obvious, that without the Central authority, you cannot deal with problems mentioned above. There must be some overall power to intervene in grave crisis, breakdown of the administration, or economic breakdown or famine. The scope of the Centre, even though limited, inevitably grows because it cannot exist otherwise. Though some people might oppose this broadening of the Centre, the Constituent Assembly will have to decide on the point."

Asked why no member of the Scheduled Castes or Labour representative had been included in his new Working Committee, the Congress President said he had to choose the Cabinet from among the members of the A.I.C.C. He proposed, however, to invite such representatives from outside to the Working Committee meetings whenever necessary.

Dr. Balkrishna V. Keskar and Miss Mridula Sarabhai, the new General Secretaries of the Indian National Congress.

LINE-CLEAR TO NEHRU ON KASHMIR ISSUE

State People's Conference Deplore Repression

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Standing Committee of States People's Conference, which concluded its two-day session here today, adopted a resolution authorising the President of the Conference, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, to take such further action as may be necessary in connection with the affairs in Kashmir State in consultation with the Congress Working Committee.

After recalling the events in Kashmir State that led to the arrest of Sheikh Mahomed Abdulla, Vice-President of the Conference, the resolution stated that "the action of the Kashmir State authorities in banning the entry of the President of the Conference, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, into the State was crude, barbarous and unbecoming of any Government." The Standing Committee expressed its deep indignation at the way the Kashmir Government behaved towards their President and further at the fact that the authorities were continuing the repression of the people.

The Standing Committee wished to make it clear that the "ban on the entry of their President or on any other person into Kashmir State is totally unwarranted and cannot be tolerated; further that there is going to be no peace in Kashmir so long as their Vice-President Sheikh Mohammed Abdulla, is not released."

MORE FOOD FOR MYSORE

The Standing Committee by another resolution urged the Central Government to increase the quota of food grains allotted to Mysore so as to enable the rationing in Mysore to be equal to that of the Provinces in India in view of deteriorating food situation in that state.

The Committee authorised the President and the Secretary of the Rajputana Regional Council to visit Bikaner State to enquire into conditions of the State particularly regarding Civil Liberties and Fundamental Rights.

WALKOVER FOR JAIRAMDAS

KARACHI, July 10. (A.P.I.): Prof. Ghanshamdas Jethanand, a Congress member of the Sind Assembly who, along with Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram filed nomination paper on July 8 for contesting the general seat to the Constituent Assembly from Sind, has withdrawn his candidature. Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram will, therefore, be elected tomorrow uncontested to the Constituent Assembly from Sind.

INDIA MAKES 329 FOR 5 AGAINST DERBYSHIRE

CHESTERFIELD, July 10, (Reuter): At close of play today India had scored 329 for 5 wickets against Derbyshire.

(By Learie Constantine, Reuter's Special Commentator).

CHESTERFIELD, July 10 (Reuter). —Slow measured batting by India assured them of a good start against Derbyshire but there were times during the afternoon when the crowd mildly barracked the Indians, Pataudi and Modi, for slow tactics and it was after the tea interval that 200 was passed.

The Derbyshire Captain had put in the tourists after winning the toss and for the first time in the tour Merchant was rested. In consequence, much depended on Pataudi in batting and he did not disappoint, being well on his way to century at teatime. The wicket never appeared really difficult, but it demanded care and this, coupled with excellent bowling in which the attackers varied the deliveries, often made the batsmen cautious. Many balls were kept low and the batsmen were obviously apprehensive that the ball might always do something unexpected; so they were not making strokes until the last possible minute.

Mankad went to the extreme of safety when taking two and a quarter ncurs for 20.

Mushtaq Ali's was the brightest innings of the afternoon but he was caught after an attractive 35. It was bad luck to be caught off the only ball which lifted more than stumphigh, catching the shoulder of the bat.

It was his best form of the season and he was always on the lookout for a chance to reveal a wide array of scoring strokes.

Amarnath had a venturesome innings and after scoring 17, he was beaten by two successive balls, then put up a third to be caught.

In view of the coming Test Pataudi's score was a good augury. Always graceful though restrained, he went along quietly and showed little concern, apart from watching carefully the varied bowling. Twice he gave chances, but fate was kind and his first 80 in three hours was a valuable innings.

In Modi, he found a useful partner. No doubt India were thankful for the first knock owing to their wicket keeping problem and it is still uncertain who will keep the wicket when Derbyshire bat.

INDIA (First Innings):

Mushtaq Ali c Elliott b Galdwin	35
Mankad c Elliott b Pope	20
Pataudi sr. Vaulkhard b Rhodes	113
Amarnath c Vaulkhard b Rhodes	17
Modi not out	83
Hafeez c Galdwin b Rhodes	10
Gul Mohamed not out	32
Extras	19
Total (for five wickets)	329

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 44; 2 for 101; 3 for 131; 4 for 254; 5 for 264.

LEAGUE COUNCIL TO REVERSE DECISION?

(Continued from Page 1.)

course of action should be adopted by the Muslim League under the changed circumstances."

CONGRESS CIRCLES NOT PERTURBED

(From Our Special Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Congress circles are not perturbed in any way about the announcement made by Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan, calling a meeting of the Council of the All-India Muslim League "in view of serious developments"

A very high personality in Congress Counsels, questioned by me in this behalf ruled out the possibility of the League Council reversing or going back on its own resolution of June 6, accepting the proposals of the Cabinet Delegation and the Viceroy. Apart from the fact that nobody would take them seriously if they went back on a decision deliberately arrived at, he stated that it was, quite obviously, not in the interests of the League to denounce the Cabinet Mission's proposals.

In this connection, it is recalled that the Viceroy intends to renew his efforts at forming an Interim Government immediately after the election to the Contituent Assembly are over, that is to say, early in August. It is surmised that the League Council has been called with a view to bring maximum pressure to bear on the Viceroy when the negotiations for an Interim Government are resumed, so as to secure the best terms for the Laegue.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, July 10.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:

General Motors dol. 71-1/8.
Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 48-5/8.
United States Steel Common dol. 93.
United States Steel Preference unquoted.—(Reuter).

England's 321 For 7 In Test Trial

CANTERBURY, July 10. (Reuter): In the Test trial match England had scored 321 for seven wickets at close of play in their first innings against the Rest.

ENGLAND (First Innings)

Hutton b. Perks	11
Washbrook b. Smith	120
Ikin c. Watson b. Price	13
Hardstaff c. Griffith b. Gray	69
Crapp b. Compton	24
Yardley b. Perks	39
Evans st. Griffith b. Smith	25
Voce not out	8
Bedser not out	0
Extras	12
Total (for 7 wickets)	321

FALL OF WICKETS: 1/22; 2/45/3/180; 4/241; 5/261; 6/307; 7/319.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

Perks 30/4/72/2; Gray 24/3/62/1; Price 22/5/39/1; Smith 28/6/62/2; Compton 5/1/14/1; Knot 18/4/60/0.

Congress Like An Army About To Storm Citadel

(Concluded from Page 1.)

Indian States was concerned Panditji said that it would create a very anomalous situation if the States' representatives were not elected by the people but were the nominees of the rulers. It would be very anomalous indeed for elected representatives of British India to sit with nominated members. But he hoped that the Princes would give due representation to their people. He was aware that some of the Princes also were awake. The British Government was withdrawing its protection and the Princes had to make adjustments to suit the situation. But some of them seemed to think that it was enough to make noble professions, but in action to carry on with guns and bayonets. He hoped that they would mend their ways and make terms with their people as well as with the Indian National Congress.

Pandit Nehru made a reference to the recent communal riots in Ahmedabad. He pointed out that while the Congress was outlawed and the Congress leaders were in jail, nobody heard anything about communal riots But as soon as the Congress assumed office all manner of difficulties raised their heads. He also cited the instance of the campaigns carried on by the Government in the Frontier against alleged kidnappers and the Fakir of Ipi. The Fakir was held out as a constant threat to India, if the British withdrew. But during the last few years, the Fakir had vanished from the picture.

Incidentally Pandit Nehru said that black-marketeers in the city were worse criminals than the Frontier tribesmen who kidnapped people and held them to ransome.

THIRD WORLD WAR!

Referring to the struggle of South African Indians against discriminatory legislation, Pandit Nehru said that when the Nazis preached doctrines of racial superiority all Europe was up in arms against them. But when the South African whites practised the same Nazi creed against Asiatics, the Europeans maintained a discreet silence. Racial discrimination was not confined to South Africa, nor was it practised against Indians only. All Europeans treated Asiatics in the same manner. India was trying to fight with the weapon of Satyagraha, but other Asiatic nations may not follow the same method. He feared that if this kind of thing continued, there might be a third World War between Asia and Europe.

D. F. Karaka:

Off My Chest

Pandit Jawaharlal's idea of infusing fresh blood into the Congress Working Committee can hardly be called a revolution in Congress politics. It is a mild dose, given with apologies to his erstwhile colleagues. The list which constitutes the Working Committee is made up of old familiar names. Azad, Vallabhbhai, Rajendra Prasad, Gaffar Khan, Pant, C. R.—these are half the Committee. This is the Old Guard of the Congress and it is unlikely that with such a solid block any effective change can occur in Congress policy.

There are admittedly a few new names of younger people. But age alone does not make people young. It is most unlikely that any of these younger people will have any individuality of their own to assert in face of a decision taken by the Old Guard. Maybe Kamaladevi will occasionally interpose a question and Kidwai will present a new point of view, but that will be about all. It would be too much to expect the new lady-Secretary of Congress, Mridula Sarabhai, to do anything but acquiesce in whatever the older generation does or says.

The point is that the younger element will have to do the office work of the Congress: the routine. Policy will be shaped as before by the Old Guard. In some ways this new Committee is disappointing, for when Nehru had said he was infusing fresh blood into the Congress, we had hoped to see a different type of blood infused.

But there are limitations to what a President of the Congress can do. The great Nehru may say anything as an individual, but as President of the Congress he has to act with care and caution. The fact is, and recent and past results have proved it, that the majority of the members of the A.I.C.C. are conservative in the simplest sense of that word. While leaders of the Congress have often talked of revolutions, the A.I.C.C. is very orthodox in its views and moves along orthodox lines from precedent to precedent.

In this body, as at present constituted, there is not much scope for the type of dynamic action as conceived of by a man like Jai Prakash. With all the respect which Congress leaders have for the individual, the views of Jai Prakash and his kind are looked upon as being the views of heretics.

Kamaladevi Flying To Madras

BOMBAY, July 10. (A.P.I.): Srimati Kamaladevi, member of the new Congress Working Committee, will leave Bombay tomorrow by air for Madras

The visit is in connection with her election to the Constituent Assembly from Madras.

Fischer Opens Broadside Against Moscow

(Continued from Page 1)

India: they were a religious body who had no right to be in the political arena.

ANTI-NEGRO POLICY

In replying to a number of questions, he said that he was not defending the anti-Negro policy of America but that it compared well with the observation of untouchability in India; that the Indian newspapers were quite good, subject to the exigencies of space and "the prejudices of the journalists"; that though the granting of independence to Philippines was important, still it was not so important as the granting of freedom to India; that the use of the atom bomb was the greatest single atrocity of the war; there was no evidence to say the atom bomb would not have been used against Germany if it was ready in time.

Towards the end, Mr. Fischer regretted that he had to hurry up and announced that he was shortly leaving for Palestine, Turkey, Greece, Italy and finally Germany. He promised, however, that he would be back in India within a year.

Miss Dorothy Danbar, editor of the Far Eastern Section of the "New York Times" magazine, as well as the Bombay manager of U.P.I. attended the reception.

Mr. Fischer signed a large number of autographs.

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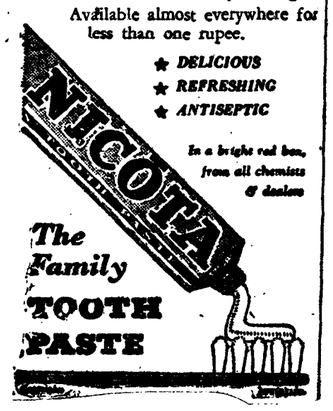

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BYRNES-MOLOTOV BREEZE OVER GERMANY

'Potsdam Terms Not Being Carried Out:' Soviet Denunciation Of Western Powers

PARIS, July 9 (Reuter): The "Big Four" Foreign Ministers in a stormy session ending at 7-30 p.m. G.M.T. (1 a.m. I.S.T.) discussed the German problem for the first time since May 16.

Soviet Foreign Commissar Molotov made what one conference Delegate described as a "tremendous onslaught" against the United States 25 Year Plan for Germany which United States Secretary of State Mr. James Byrnes had put forward on April 29.

This evoked an equally strong rebut from Mr. Byrnes, it was learned authoritatively.

INADEQUATE INSURANCE

Under the original Draft Treaty prepared by Mr. Byrnes for disarmament of Germany "The Big Four" would pledge themselves to disarm and disband all German armed forces, including the Gestapo and the Auxiliary Formation, keep the German High Command permanently disbanded and prevent the formation of any military organisation.

Manufacture of any kind of military equipment would be forbidden.

Use for military purposes of all military and peace time establishments, ranging from airfields to laboratories, would be prevented and only a minimum police force and such explosives as were needed for industrial purposes would be allowed.

A special Control Commission to supervise the carrying out of these terms would be set up. "The Big Four" would intervene, with an armed force if necessary, if any of the disarmament provisions were violated. The Treaty would remain in force for 25 years.

M. Molotov's first point this afternoon was that the Treaty gave inadequate insurance against German rearmament and should extend for at least 40 years.

Secondly, M. Molotov maintained that the treaty did not go as far as the Potsdam or Yalta agreements towards economic demilitarisation of Germany and made no provisions for elimination of the German war industry.

Thirdly, the treaty did not provide the political basis necessary to insure against the recrudescence of a new growth of Nazism.

Fourthly, the treaty made no provision for payment of German reparations to the Soviet Union.

Fifthly, the treaty envisaged shortening of occupation.

Sixthly, it did not provide for continued denazification of Germany.

M. Molotov then made a charge that the Potsdam decisions had not been carried out in western occupational zones.

He said distribution of land had only been effected in the Soviet zone while in Western Zones there had been no land reform or effective attempt to break up German cartels.

He also asserted that the Potsdam reparations agreements had not been carried out by France, United States or Britain.

M. Molotov said demilitarisation had not been effectively carried out in the western zones. The Foreign Ministers should draw up a plan immediately for economic disarmament of Germany, but until such a plan was drawn up he thought there was nothing to investigate.

BYRNES REPLIES

Replying to M. Molotov's charges Mr. Byrnes stressed that his proposed 25-year disarmament treaty had nothing to do with implementation of occupation policies since the treaty only applied to the period following Allied occupation.

He then said he was quite willing that the Treaty should cover a 40-year period as suggested by M. Molotov.

Mr. Byrnes proposed the establishment of a special Deputies Commission to study German problems with a view to implementation of the Potsdam decisions more completely.

Replying in detail to M. Molotov's charges, Mr. Byrnes said M. Molotov could not have read the treaty carefully or he would have noticed that the language of the provisions for continued disarmament of Germany was identical with that of the German disarmament agreement between the French, the British, the Soviet Union and the United States of June 5, 1945.

He said he doubted whether any men were better qualified to draft a disarmament agreement than Marshal Zhukov, Field Marshal Montgomery, General de Lattre de Tassigny and General Eisenhower.

Mr. Byrnes flatly denied that his proposed treaty in any way limited the direction of occupation and again stressed that the treaty merely attempted to assure that Germany would not again menace world peace.

Replying to M. Molotov's criticism on the suspension of reparation from the United States zone to the Soviet zone, Mr. Byrnes said the United States was scheduled to spend 200,000,000 dollars during the fiscal year 1947 because Germany had not been operated as an economic unit as was planned at Potsdam.

FRENCH POSITION UNCHANGED

At the outset of the afternoon's discussions on Germany, the French Premier and Foreign Secretary M. Bidault stated that the French position on the German problem was unchanged. He added he did not think it necessary to restate it.

M. Molotov's objections to the Byrnes plan were made in a written statement.

During the discussions M. Molotov said that at Yalta the Russians were granted ten billion dollars reparations from Germany and although this sum had been cut down at Potsdam it was still unpaid.

Mr. Byrnes replied that the ten billion figure was the basis for discussion and it had become obvious at Potsdam that Germany could not pay this sum.

Mr. Byrnes then referred to the annexation by Russia of a large part of East Prussia whose value he said was incalculable.

Mr. Byrnes flatly declared that the Potsdam decisions must be carried out as a whole or not at all.

FULL AGREEMENT OVER PEACE CONFERENCE.

Foreign Ministers after a few minor amendments reached full agreement tonight on yesterday's proposals of the procedure for the 21 Nation Peace Conference.

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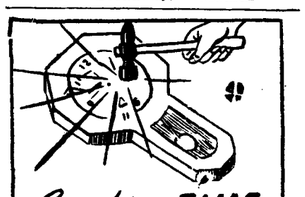

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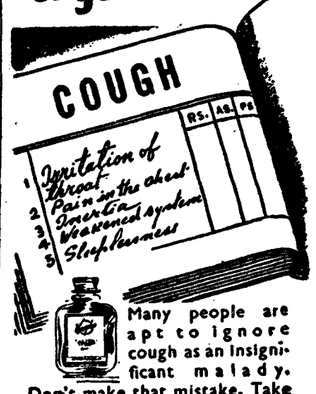

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REPUBLICANS SUPPORT BRITISH LOAN

WASHINGTON, July 9, (U.P.A.): Urging the House of Representatives to approve the British loan, Representative Charles A. Eaton of New Jersey today said that current world politics have reached an "ideological impasse", with communism opposing the Western nations.

Keynoting the Republican support of the controversial Bill, Eaton said that the U. S. and England must hang together or "we are bound sooner or later to be hung separately." He characterized the measure as a necessity in a new "world age" which has brought into conflict "two great and powerful ideologies mutually antagonistic.."

The support of Eaton and some other Republicans has led House leaders to anticipate passage of the Loan Agreement by a narrow margin.

Meanwhile, Representative Christian Herter of Massachusettes told the House: "We certainly do not want to do anything which might force the British—even though we may be somewhat out of sympathy with some of the actions of their present Labour Government—to take to totalitarian ways in desperation."

Herter said that the alternative granting the dollar credits to Britain would be an ever increasing measure of Government controls over all British imports and exports.

THAI KING MURDERED BY FRENCH?

Drew Pearson's Bombshell

NEW YORK, July 8 (U.P.A.): Famed columnist Drew Pearson said in a radio address today that United States officials have received evidence that King Ananda Mahidol of Siam did not commit suicide but was murdered by the French. He said that the French had been trying to penetrate Siam from French Indo-China and especially wanted Bangkok airfield, but Ananda stood in their way.

WHAT MAKES GANDHIJI GLOOMY

LONDON, July 9, (U. P. I.): "Mahatma Gandhi was gloomy about the world situation. He thought that there would be another war in less than ten years' time," writes Mr. Peter Strusberg, correspondent of the "Daily Herald" in India today following an interview with Gandhiji.

NOT LIKE IN U. S.

Another political point in the despatch concerned the question of untouchables. Mahatma Gandhi told the correspondent that "there would be no real freedom in India until untouchables were free."

He, however, pointed out that untouchables suffered from no legal disabilities like Negroes in the United States and Indians and other Asiatics in South and East Africa.

Speed Of 1,000 M.P.H. Predicted For U. S. Plane

DAYTON, OHIO. (Reuter).

Future speeds of 1,000 miles an hour for military jet planes were predicted by army air force officials at Wright Field today in lifting wraps from the Army's newest fighter.

Latest AAF Sky King is the Republic XP-84 Thunderjet, credited like the Lockhead P-80 Shooting Star which already is in actual service with a speed at least approaching 600 miles an hour.

"GITA KENDRA" AT ANDHERI COLLEGE

Mr. Munshi's Address

(From Our Own Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, July 9.

The inauguration ceremony of the 'Gita Kendra' was held in the Meghji Mathuradas College Hall at Andheri on Saturday night before a large gathering of students when Mr. K. M. Munshi gave an address on 'Gita'. He said that to him 'Gita' was not a sacred book the study of which would bring either heaven or spiritual happiness in the life hereafter. He looked upon the 'Gita' as a guide to his daily conduct in life. During the last forty years, he had read the book regularly and had found always a new inspiration in it. It had helped him to solve innumerable problems of a domestic and professional character. He had recommended the reading of the 'Gita' to a host of other friends who had all made a mark for themselves in different walks of life. He exhorted the students to remember that no system of education could be called complete which did not seek to develop the complete growth of the student and the totality of his relations. A man could not be said to be truly educated, because he was a good scientist or literatuer if he was a bad husband; human life was one and could not be divided into compartments. In order to grow, a man's powers must be integrated, and such integration came naturally to one who followed, according to the teachings of the 'Gita', his own 'Swadharma' or the law of his being. The 'Gita' taught them as the Creative art of life and the speaker was, therefore, convinced that without a proper mastery of the 'Gita', true education was an impossibility.

Dr. Boolchand, the Principal, said that the 'Gita' presented a philosophy of action while other scriptures in Hindu Literature presented a philosophy of renunciation. The 'Gita' was for that reason a book of the greatest interest to young men in their country at the present moment.

U.N.E.S.C.O. Plans

India To Be World Centre For Applied Maths.

LONDON, July 9 (U.P.I.): India will be made a world centre for Applied Mathematics equipped with the latest types of calculating machines which in a few seconds would do sums which would take experts days or weeks.

This is one of the projects of the UNESCO (United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organisation) according to a disclosure made by Mr. Julian Huxley, Executive Secretary of the Preparatory Commission of the UNESCO at the Empire Scientific Conference now in session in Oxford.

The reason for selecting India is that she has produced a number of famous mathematicians among her scientists.

DEVELOPMENT OF FISH INDUSTRY

Tapase Unfolds Bombay Government Plans

(From Our Correspondent)

PALGHAR, July 7.

"The present popular Government will not like the capitalists to take over the existing fish industry from the hands of the present traders. We will certainly afford every help and facility to all co-operative concerns started and conducted by the fishermen of the province. But at the same time, I want to make it very clear, that Government cannot take up cudgels in hand and stop capitalist enterprisers from getting into the fish industry; for I personally feel that fish Industry is not a cottage industry; but it is one of the large-scale industries", declared Mr. G. D. Tapase, while inaugurating the 3rd Thana District Fishermen's conference opened at Mahim in Palghar Taluka, on Sunday the 7th of July.

The conference was presided over by Dr. Laxman Dandekar, who described himself as a fisherman by birth and a fisherman by hobby. Nearly a thousand fishermen from all the parts of Thana District attended the conference. Mr. D. N. Wandrekar, Parliamentary Secretary to Mr. Tapase also attended the conference. Among the other guests were, Mr. V. V. Dandekar President Thana District Local Board, Mr. Shamrao Patil President Thana District Congress Committee and Mr. M. J. Sankhe M.L.A.

Mr. Tapase said that the fish industry in India was largely neglected in the past; and the presence of the foreign rule was chiefly responsible for this. "It was the need of the British and Indian army that forced the Government to think more of the fish industry and the development thereof. We realise the national importance of this industry and we have decided to put it on sound basis.", added Mr. Tapase.

Describing the existing food situation in the province as very gloomy, Mr. Tapase said, "Bombay province is not at all self-sufficient in point of food. If fisheries are properly developed, this scarcity will be made up for. Government want more catches. Fish must go not only to the people on the shore; but also to those in the interior."

Dr. Dandekar, President of the conference, detailed a number of grievances of the fishermen of Thana District. He appealed to the Government to save the fishermen from middlemen who were earning huge profits, when the actual toiler did not get even a living wage. Dr. Dandekar made a vehement plea for the introduction of prohibition. He appealed to his comrades to abstain from drink and to free themselves from illiteracy.

PARIS, July 10. (A.P.A.): The Quai D'orsay last night officially denied a report published in an American newspaper that the young King of Siam was assassinated by a French secret service agent.

Police Raid International Bank Of India

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Bombay banking circles were agog yesterday, when Deputy Commissioner Hosali's Superintendent Quilter Inspector Gibbs and S. I. Taraporewalla, raided, the International Bank of India.

The Police officers conducted a search of the premises of the Bank at Phirozsha Mehta Road for four hours and seized books of accounts and other documents in connection with forgeries and defalcation of "hundies" valued at Rs. 6 lakhs in which it is said an ex-officer of the Bank is involved.

No arrests have been made so far. It will be recalled that sometime back, the Reserve Bank of India had passed an order on the International Bank not to accept fixed deposits.

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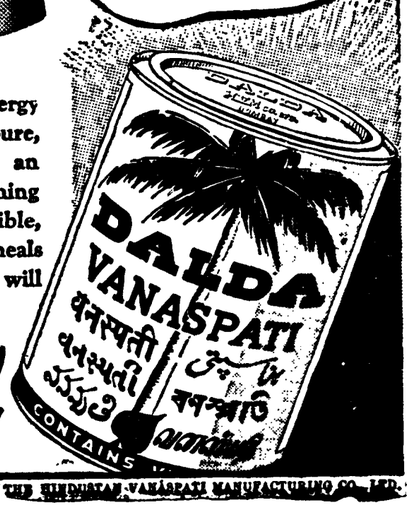

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Sharp Drop In Bullion Market On Nervous Selling

STOCK EXCHANGE RECOVERS EARLY LOSS ON ACTIVE BUYING IN BOMBAY DYEING

Cotton Market Quietly Steady With Restricted Business

Bombay, July 10

The Share Bazar opened quiet and under scattered selling influenced by the drop in the Bullion market declined few points but better support soon appeared and the market ruled steady. The loss was soon recovered on professional support and replacement buying.

The market is manipulated by professional interests and the general feeling remains constructive awaiting dividends on Tata Steel shares. Moreover the market looks for a 2 1/2 per cent new loan next week.

At the opening Tata Steel Defd. shares were quoted at Rs. 3250 and declined at Rs. 3245. At this level there was increased buying Defds hardened at Rs. 3272. Ordinary shares also after declining at Rs. 570 steadied at Rs. 572

Bombay Dyeing shares were quiet at the star, and declined at Rs. 2690 under small realising but later improved at Rs. 2710. Kohinoor Mill shares also after touching Rs. 946 improved at Rs. 952 and steadied at Rs. 950.

Thereafter Steel shares were neglected and quotations moved within a narrow range and Defds stood at Rs. 3270 and Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 573. Mill shares were in good demand and Bombay Dyeings rose at Rs. 2,735 while Kohinoors improved at Rs. 956. India United Defds were quoted at Rs. 5/6 and Ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 24/7. Simplex shares were quoted at Rs. 456. Associated Cements were steady at Rs. 261 and Belapurs were quoted at Rs. 332. Indian Iron shares were placed at Rs. 66/8. The market closed steady.

TEXTILES.

Bombay Dyeing 2740 Century 1105 Central India 489/8 Swadeshi 848 New Great 551 Simplex 455/8 Kohinoor 957 Colaba 446/4 Gokak 410 Phoenix 1040 Mysore 355 Indian Bleaching 255 Swan 485/8 Finlay 464 Morarji 900 Indore 985

STEEL

Tata Steel Defd. 3270 Tata Steel Ordinary 575

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tata Hydro 238 Andhra Valley 2037/8 Tata Power 2145 Tram (Ord) 163

CEMENT

Asso. Merger 262

INDUSTRIES

Burma 786/4 Alcock 680 Bellapur 333/8 Shivrajpur 58 Steamer (Ord) 842/8 Scindia 56 Premier Construction 353

CASH SHARES (TEXTILES)

Apollo 6/7 Elphinstone 116 India United (Ord) 24/11 India United (Def) 5/7/6 India Manufacturing 4600 Coola 387/8 Khatau 485 Dawn 1400 David 2300 New City 352/8 Minerva 268/12 Bradbury 600 Bharucha (Dfd) 15/8 Bharat 75/8 Madhavji 28/8 Model 318/12 Laxmi Cotton 2000 Vishnu Cotton 815 Western 4600 Standard 710 Sholapur 10,000 Sassoon Cotton 31/4 Hindustan 4600 Meyer Sassoon 348/12 Edward 847/8 Tata 141/4 Ahmedabad Advance 527/8 Sassoon Silk 119 New Indian 31/8 Podar 421/4 Madhusudan 597/8 Madrusudan B 113 Shrinivas 540 Raja Bahadur 136/4 Berar 430 Victoria 425

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 223/12 (New) 121/4 Surat (Ord) 257/8 (New) 190 Karachi 240 Broach 14 Ajmer 16 Amalgamated 20/12 Jalgaon 14/12 Nagpur 58 Poona 305 Bombay Suburban 255 Bombay Suburban (New) 160

BANK SHARES

Reserve 176/8 Imperial 3250 P. P. 827/8 Central 145/8 India 277 Union 19/4 Baroda 220 Habib 143/8 ABC 58 Dena Bank 74 United Commercial 129 Jaipur 85 Hindustan Commercial 70/8 National Savings (fully paid) 88/4 National Savings (part paid) 54/8 Mysore 505 Exchange 85 R 85 Eastern 112

INSURANCE

Oriental 8500 Empire 1380 New India 119 Jupiter 56/4 Vulcan 24/12 Indian Mercantile 86 Universal Fire 18 Vasant 26/4 British India General 35/12 Industrial Prudential 68 Neptune 13/4 New Great 43 All-India General 62/8.

RAILWAYS

Ahmedabad Prantij 695 C. P. 105 Pachora 95

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 310 Burma Petrol 6/14 Tata Oil 138 Port Canning 116 Kemp 510 Zandu Pharmacy 218/2 Indian Radio (Ord) 371/4 Indian Radio B 375 Indian Radio 375 Indian Investment Trust 142/8 Wimco 578 Tata Chemical 27/10 Dharamsey Chemical 60/8 Mukund Iron 15/8 Dena Trust 27 Alembic 407/8 Supreme India 190 (New) 130 Sharpe 147 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 43/8 Indian Cement 42 Walchandnagar Industries 655 United Motor 46 ACC (New) 129 Barod Glass 10/12.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref) 273/8 Tata Steel (2nd Pref) 203 Tram 74 Andhra Valley 1712/8 Tata Power 1822/8 Hydro 177/8 Bombay Steamer 352/8 Swadeshi 170 Vishnu 810 Laxmi 318/12

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, July 10.

COTTON MILLS.

Apollo 6/5 6/2 6/6 6/5 6/7/6 6/7
Bharat 75/8 75 75/12 75/8
Bharucha (Defd) 15/8
Bombay Dyeing 2690 87/8 2702/8 2697/8 2717/8 7/8 17/8 12/8 25 20 42/8 35 40
Central India (Ord) 484 87 83 89/8 86 91 87 90 89/8
Edward 842/8 47/8
Elphinstone (Ord) 115 16
Elphinstone (Pref) 147/8 46/14
Finlay 462 60 66 64
Gokak 405 4 13 8 12 10
India United (Defd) 5/5/6 5/4 5/6/6 5/5 5/7/6
India United (Ord) 23/14 23/12 24/11
Ingore 977/8 80 72/8 86/4 85
Khatau (Ord) 480/10 85
Kohinoor 950 44 49 46 52 49 54 52 59 55 59 57
Madhusudan 600 595 97/8
Meyer 345 47/8 45 50 47/12
Minerva 268/12
Morarji Gokuldas 895 900
New City 342/8 52/8
New Great (Ord) 548 47 50 45 52 51
Podar 422/8 21/4
Shrinivas 518/12 40
Simplex 452 49 53 51/8 54 53 55/8 54 56 55/8
Swadeshi (Ord) 849 42 48/8 44 48 45/8 51 46 54 48
Swan 485/8 84 85/8
Tata Mills 142 40 41/4
Ahmedabad Prantej Rly. 695

BANKS.

Baroda 220
Central 146 45/8
Habib 141 43/8
Imperial (Old) 3225 10 50
India 275/8 77
Reserve 176/8
Union 19/8 19/4
United Com. 129

ELECTRIC COS.

Andhra Valley (Ord) 2040 45 35 50 37/8
Andhra Valley (Pref) 1712/8
Bombay Tram (Ord) 163 62 63/8 63
Bombay Tram (Pref) 74 74/8 74
Tata Hydro (Ord) 239 37 39/8 38 39 38/8
Tata Power (Ord) 2152/8 45
Tata Power (Pref) 1822/8

INSURANCE COS.

British India 36 35/12
Jupiter 56/4
New India 118/8 18 19 18/8 19
Universal 18
Vulcan 24/12
Bombay Steam (Ord) 848/12 42/8
Scindia 56 54/11 55/6 55/1 56

STEEL COS.

Bengal Steel 58/8 58/6 58/14 58/12 59/4 59/2
Indian Iron 66 65/10 66/10 66/6
Tata (Defd) 3260 35 47/8 42/8 50 46/4 53/12 50 60 55 61/4 56/4 71/4 62/8 68/12 65 72/8 70
Tata (Ord) 571 70 71 70/8 73/8 71/8 74/8 75 75/8 75
Tata (2nd Pref) 201 3
Jam Wire 144-48/8 4

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 680
A. Cement 261 59 62 60/8 61/8
Belapur 333 29 32 31 34 33 33/8
Burma (Old) 790 80 88/12 78/12 87/8 82/8 86/4
Burma (New) 308/12 12/8 10
B. B. Petrol 6/14 6/12 6/13
I. Bleaching 257 55
I. I. Trust 140/8 42/8
P. Const. (Ord) 352 49 53 51 54 53
Shivrajpur 58/4 58/8 57/8 58
Tata Chemical (Ord) 27/8 27 27/10
Tata Oil 136/8 36 38
Western India Match 580 78/12
Kurla Mills 387/8
A.C.C. (New) 127 26/8 29

New Great 268/12 Poddar 117 Shriniwas 101 Elphinstone 146/14 Bradbury 591/4 Surat Ele 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref) 155 (2nd Pref) 152/4 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 150 Walchandnagar Industries 550 Jupiter 19/12 Supreme 120 Baroda Glass 11/12

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron and Steel 66/6 Bengal Steel 59/2 Indian Copper 5/6 B. I. C. 16/8 Burma Corporation 7/5 New Victoria Mill 10/2 New Victoria Pref. 11/10 Raja Pref 70 Pratap 143 Gold Mohur 4th New Kaiser Hind 2550 Sajjan Mill 510 Usmanabad 402 Ajanshari 440 Air Service 38 Birla Motor 11 Marshal 15.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

BOMBAY, July 10.

2-3/4 p c Loan 1948-52 Taxable 102/1/6 102/2
3 p c Loan 1951_54 Taxable 104/10/6
3 p c Loan 1963-65 Taxable 105/4/6
3 p c Loan 1966-68 Taxable 105/7 105/7/6
3 p c Development 1970-75 Taxable 105/11 105/11/3
3-1/2 p c Govt. Paper 105/5 105/7
3-1/2 p c Loan 1954-59 106/15

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, July 10.

Tata Ordinary 575; Tata Deferred 3270; Indian Iron 66/6; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 59/2; Bombay Dyeing 2740; Central India 489/6; Century 1120; Gokak 410; Kohinoor 956/14; Simplex 455; Andhra Valley 2037/8; Tata Hydro 238/12; Tata Power 2145; Associated Cement 261/8, Belapur 333/12; Bombay Burma (Old) 786/4.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, July 10

There was considerable nervousness on the local Bullion Exchange to-day under heavy unloading. Bears are taking full advantage to depress the market and sales are pressed on an unwilling market. The market having extensive speculative interest is undergoing violent price fluctuations and it is reported that to-day's drop was mostly due to heavy selling by sellers of option rights. Daily arrivals of silver are estimated about 60 Bars and 6,000 tolas gold while the offtake averages about half of the arrivals.

Silver market opened easy at Rs. 157/8 and declined at Rs. 155/8 under extensive selling and steadied at Rs. 158/8 on short covering. Gold opened at Rs. 90/8 and after declining at Rs. 88 steadied at Rs 89/12. The market believes that the decline is overdone and the market is entitled to reaction as short interest is greatly increased.

The market closed as under:—

	Rs. as. p.
Ready Silver	158 8 0
Forward Silver	158 12 0
Ready Gold	89 8 0
Forward Gold	89 4 0
Sovereigns	62 8 0

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 10

The local Cotton market was expected to open steady to-day but the market opened quiet in view of severe decline in gold and silver quotations. There was restricted business and quotations moved within a narrow range awaiting Government attitude towards cotton prices

The market was expected to open at Rs. 480 for September delivery but it opened quiet at Rs. 477/8 and declined at Rs. 475/8 under tired long liquidation. At this level there was moderate short covering and the market steadied at Rs. 476/8. July contract was quoted Rs. 10 under September at Rs. 466/8.

There was scattered buying and September contract was steady at Rs. 477/4. The market closed at 2 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. July ..... Rs. 466 12 0
I.C.C. September 476 12 0

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

BOMBAY, July 9.

	High	Low	Close
I C C July	472/8	469/4	469/4
I C C Sept.	481	478/4	478/12
Karachi July	50/13/6	50/2/6	50/6/3

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton and September Contract is 1412 cent points below New Cork October at Exchange rate 331

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 10.

B C Rates T T D D 1/6 15/16
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th months.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th month.
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th months.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th months.
London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th months
London Banks Buying 90 d/st. 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th months
London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th months.
New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/2
New York Banks Selling T T. D. D Rs 332 1/2
New York Banks Buying T. T. Rs 329 3/4
New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs 328 3/4 under L/C
New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs 328 1/2 not under L/C
Montreal Banks Selling T. T. D D Rs. 333.
Montreal Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/4.
Montreal Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 1/4
Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs 3550
Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 3650
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl. 79
Java Banks Selling T T D D—
Hongkong Banks Selling T T. D. D Rs. 83 1/4.
Singapore Banks Selling T T. D. D Rs. 157

CROSS RATES

New York/London dol 4.03 3/8-4.03-1/2
London/Hongkong 1/2 13/16-1/3 3/32
London/Singapore 2/3 15/16-2/4 3/32
London/Paris Fcs. 479.70-480.30
London/Belgium Fcs. 176_1/2-3/4
London/Switzerland Fcs. 17.34/36
London/Stockholm Kr. 16.85-95
London/Denmark Kr. 19.32-19.36.
London/New York dol 4.02-1/2 4.03 1/4
London/Montreal dol. 4.02 4.04.
London/Amsterdam Fl 10.68.10.70
London/Java Fl 7.58-7 62
London/Bangkok Tcl 40
Tone of Sterling exchange:—Quiet
Gold London £8-12-3
Silver London 440
Silver New York unquoted
London Discts 3 months 17/32 p c
London Discts 6 months 9/16_5/8 p c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent. Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/4 p. c., 3 Mos. 1/2 p.c., 6 Mos. 3/4 p.c. 12 mos. 1-1/4 p.c.
Tone:—Some Demand

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, July 9.

United States price of foreign silver 71.1 cents unquoted
New York buying price

Wall Street Market Steady With Steels Higher

FURTHER RISE IN N.Y. COTTON PRICES

NEW YORK, July 9.

Wall Street opened irregular and quiet. The market held an uncertain pattern in slow trading during the morning with modest changes either way. Selective bidding enabled scattered motors, food stocks, paper, amusements, wetstocks and coppers to show improvement but operators in other issues either stood aside or pruned accounts further. Paramount on a two for one split up was sold at 36-1/4 equal to 72-1/2 on the old stock which closed on Monday at 72-1/8. Canadian shares ruled steady featured by nearly one point advance in international paper to 48-3/8. The company has large funds in Canada and stands to benefit from the revaluation of the Canadian dollar. Rail roads showed little change but are considered to be acting well in face of the disappointment at the emergency freight rate grant. Holders of such securities are apparently hopeful that the inter state commerce commission will grant further relief later

The market continues to mark time pending eventual fate of price control and brokers anticipate further backing filling until a new stimulus materialises. A quiet rally developed during the afternoon under the leadership of steels, other heavy industry shares and wetstocks with the market showing advances ranging up to nearly three points before profit taking reduced extreme movements somewhat. At the close gains generally prevailed although the losing column continued to be dotted with laggards. Notably rails. Buying support developed for steels after the publication of a private survey reporting demand for all kinds of processed steels is continuing to exceed supply and that industry prospects are bright. Numerous oversold issues soon joined the upturn as buying emphasis shifted from the formerly prominent consumer goods shares including department stores. However caution because of office of price administration claims and counter claims in the Senate served to keep prices appreciation well within reasonable bounds. Advisory services say that with the trend of production sales and aggregate corporate profits likely to be upward in the second half of 1946, favourable atmosphere would appear to be indicated for continuing the bull market subject to intermittent corrections The session closed steadier.

American Telephone and Telegraph 199; Amerex Corporation 42-1/4; Anaconda Copper Mining 48-1/2; Chase National Bank 43-1/4; Sinclair Oil 19; Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co 73-1/2. General Electric Co., 46-5/8; General Motors 71; Ingersol Rand 145; International Nickel 38-1/2; National City Bank of New York 45-1/8; New York Central Rail Road 25-3/8; Socony Vacuum Corporation 18; Texas Corporation 64 1/2; Union Carbon and Carbide 112-7/8; U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co. 64; U S. Steel Corporation (common) 92-3/8; Western Union Telegraph 36-1/2.

FURTHER RISE IN COTTON

Cotton opened strong 22 to 33 higher and displayed renewed strength of activity most of the morning. Overnight accumulation of buying orders based on yesterday's acreage and small crop prospects temporarily encountered moderate profittaking which caused slight setbacks but this met buying from all quarters with December and March entering the 33 cent column. The bullish prospective supply and demand outlook has overshadowed everything else prolem but prior to noon the market met heavy profittaking on technical considerations which checked the upswing. Nevertheless a strong tone still ruled at midday when prices were 74 to 63 higher. Profittaking had more influenced during early afternoon with the slackening of demand indicating a desire to await the market's action after the recent brilliant showing Thereafter the market was featured by alternating spurts of profittaking and buying and, though on balance prices were about 30 points under the best of the day, support predominated at the close reflecting inflationary influences and short crop prospects The market closed steady 51 to 31 higher Sales are estimated at 275,000 bales.

CHICAGO GRAINS

The market eased early attributed to excellent crop news and continued heavy livestock receipts. However prices rallied sharply in sympathy with renewed firmness of the cash market with reports of best offers of spot maize number two yellow basis Chicago at 2.20 to 2.25 dollars a bushel compared with actual sales last night at 2.15.

CONSUMPTION OF COTTON

Indian Central Cotton Committee has issued the following statement of Indian cotton (pressed and unpressed) consumed in mills in India during the month of March. (Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, by mills in British India and on voluntary returns from mills in Indian States):—

(In bales of 400 lbs. net)

CONSUMPTION

During March 1946 British India 263,595 Indian States 57,095, Total India 320,690.

During March 1945 British India 306,461, Indian States 59,821, Total India 366,282.

Since 1st September 1945 British India 2,011,939 Indian States 407,934, Total India 2,419,873.

During the corresponding period last year British India 2,041,039 Indian States 395,522, Total India 2,436,561.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Weekly Statement Of Affairs

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 5th day of July:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Notes held in the banking Department	20,36,10,000
Notes in circulation	1233,60,56,000
Total Notes issued	1253,96,66,000
Total Liabilities	1253,96,66,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000
Sterling Securities	1135,32,89,000
Total of A	1179,74,34,000
B. Rupee Coin	16,38,19,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	57,84,13,000
Total Assets	1263,96,66,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities. 94.061 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government of India	460,43,05,000
(2) Government of Burma	28,74,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	16,32,74,000
(b) Banks	111,95,50,000
(c) Others	6,03,38,000
Bills Payable	2,53,49,000
Other Liabilities	15,16,90,000
Total Rs.	622,73,80,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
Notes	20,36,10,000
Rupee Coin	22,69,000
Subsidiary Coin	1,86,000
Balances held abroad	557,18,23,000
Other Loans and Advances	5,75,000
Investments	29,84,64,000
Other Assets	15,03,000
Total Rs.	622,73,80,000

Bombay Produce Market Closed

BOMBAY, July 10.

Today being "Ashadi Ekadashi" a Hindu Holiday the produced market remained closed. Linseed was nominally quoted at Rs. 24/8.

CALICUT MARKET

CALICUT, July 10.

Cocoanuts Raw 160 Dry 165 Cocoanut oil 620 Copra Office 416 Dilpasand 445 Madrasnottam 475 Goodgooda 450 Pepper Wynaad 550 Country 545 Dry-ginger Chernad 360 Ernad 340 Coffee Robusta 85.

DINKARRAO DESAI'S APPEAL TO U.S. FAMINE MISSION

"Expedite Supply Of Food-Grains To India"

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The unofficial American Famine Mission, which left Bombay for Delhi by air this noon, met Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Minister for Civil Supplies, Mr A. D. Gorwala, Secretary to the Government of Bombay, and other officials of the Civil Supplies Department and discussed with them the various aspects of food administration in the Bombay region.

It is understood that the Minister appealed to expedite supply of foodgrains to India from America. The talk, it is understood, also covered the question as to whether food policy of the Government was unpopular with the political parties.

BOMBAY NEEDS 244,000 TONS TILL DECEMBER

"A.P.I." adds: The non-official American Famine Commission to-day completed the last lap of their whirlwind tour of India as part of their 15-day programme of investigations into the country's food supply position.

Arriving in India on June 24, the members of the Commission sponsored by the Indian Famine Emergency Commission in the United States, made searching inquiries into India's foodgrain supplies, procurement, rationing and the measures of the Government to avert what might yet become of the biggest famines in this country.

They have collected first-hand data from visits to Bengal, the United Provinces, Madras and Mysore, and today made inquiries into the food shortage in Bombay Province.

Three members of the Commission, including Dr. Theodore W. Schultz of the Department of the Economics of the Chicago University, met Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Civil Supplies Minister of Bombay and officials in charge of the Food Department.

In a brief interview, members of the Commission were presented with facts regarding Bombay Province's food shortage, the delicate system of rationing and procurement and the measures effected to grow more food and avoid wastage.

Mr. Dinkarrao Desai stated before them that Bombay still needed substantial imports of foodgrains to tide over the present shortage. According to calculations, the Province's needs of imports till the end of December were assessed at 244,000 tons.

The Commission have abandoned the idea of visiting Poona and touring Bijapur and other famine stricken districts of Bombay Province. This, it was learnt, was because the Commission have already collected enough information and have had first-hand knowledge from their tour of villages in Madras and Mysore Provinces, where conditions are more or less the same as in the rest of India.

Kunzru Pleads For Mysore

MADRAS, July 10. (A. P. I.):—"In the matter of food, Mysore seems to be suffering more than any other part of India and she deserves the assistance of the Central Government in a generous measure", declares Pandit Hridayanath Kunzru, President, Servants of India Society, in a statement to the Press after his recent tour of the famine affected areas in the Chitaldrug and Tumkur Taluks of the Mysore State.

House Rejects Senate Silver Plan

WASHINGTON, July 9 (UPA).

The House of Representatives today rejected the Senate-approved plan to boost the price of silver to 90.3 cents per fine ounce, standing firm on its original proposal that the Treasury buy and sell the metal at 71.11 cents per ounce.

The issue on which the House-Senate conferees had failed to agree now returns to the Senate.

The vote was 266 to 23 against the move by the Western Silver Bloc to have the House concur with the Senate price. The Western Bloc protested that at 90.3 cents silver would be available well below world costs and charged that at 71.11 cents silversmiths would resort to "profiteering."

Worth Street Marking Time

NEW YORK, July 9. (UPA).

Traders on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market appeared to be marking time today in the belief that if cotton continues to climb and if the O.P.A. is left dead, textile prices will rise sharply.

These quarters said that they anticipated a fifteen per cent increase in piece goods prices on the basis of thirty cents per pound for cotton.

Meanwhile, little trading is expected in the next few weeks.

Area Under Cotton Cultivation In U. S. A.

LONDON, July 10 (UPI.)

The first increase of cotton planting in the United States since 1942 has raised the acreage of cotton under cultivation on July 1 to 18,316,000 acres or 3.2 per cent more than was under cultivation last year the Department of Agriculture announced to-day.

This figure is still 28 per cent less than the 10-year average between 1935 and 1944, the Department added.

NEW YORK COTTON

July	32.53+47
October	32.62+51
October Highest	32.93+88
October Lowest	32.29+18
December	32.78+49
January	32.79+49
March	32.76+44
May	32.64+35
July	32.39+31
Middling Spot	33.23+52

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

July	32.36+45
October	32.55+44
December	32.72+49
March	32.85+56
May	32.75+46
Middling Spot	32.55+45

NEW YORK COTTON NOON CALL

October	32.85
December	32.98

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, July 9.

Silver Spot	44d
Forward	44d
Gold bars fine per oz.	£8/12/2

Hansa Mehta On International Women's Movement

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"If the U.N.O. is serious about implementing its aims and objects, the living conditions of men and women in all countries must radically change", observed Mrs. Hansa Mehta, President of All-India Women's Conference, speaking at the Indian Merchants' Chamber under the auspices of the "Freedom Group", this evening. Prof. P. A. Wadia presided. Tracing the history of international women's movement, Mrs. Mehta stated that the League of Nations did not pay adequate attention to women's problems.

Speaking on the Women's Sub-Committee of the U.N.O. which she recently attended, Mrs. Mehta remarked that the issue of monogamy raised great discussions. In the West the tide was turning and the people were looking to the institution of polygamy as a solution for the unequal distribution of sex. France objected to the monogamy on the ground that the Muslim Population in her colonies practised polygamy. Mrs. Mehta added, "We must fight customs, if they interfere with human rights. Child marriage purdah and all the age-old customs even though sanctioned in the name of religion must go".

Prof. P. A. Wadia pointed out that the institution of marriage was a heritage of mediaeval age, with the domination of man over woman. "As a mother woman renders a service to the society and she deserve greater support from the State than a factory worker or a bank clerk", he concluded.

LONDON WHEAT

LONDON July 9.

Wheat Rosario Santa Fe (new)
Australian Wheat (bulk) 64/6 July/Aug. qtod.
Australian Wheat (bags)

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON July 9.

T. T. London on:—
New York sellers 4.02-1/2 buyers 4.03-1/2 Madrid official 44.00 Montreal sellers 4.43 buyers 4.45 Zurich sellers 17.34 buyers 17.36 Stockholm sellers 16.88 buyers 16.92

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON July 9.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p c	75-3/4
Consols 2-1/2 p c	97-1/16
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	111-7/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and later	106-7/8
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	117-5/16
Victory Bonds 4 p.c.	118-3/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	11-9/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	
London Reg	32-1/2
National Bank of India	39-1/2

DISPOSALS

CLOTHING AUCTION

The following stores will be auctioned by the Government auctioneers, Messrs. Frank Abraham at the Ordnance Depot, Whitefield, near Bangalore, at 10 A.M. on 13 July, 1946:—

Mazri Bush Shirts	4,993
Mazri Trousers (Hospital)	1,090
Serge Trousers of assorted sizes	13,000
Jerkins of Puttoo Cloth	1,520
Mazri Jackets (Prisoner of War)	7,990
B.T. Jackets of assorted sizes	2,597
Mazri Overalls	2,100
Mazri Shorts (Prisoner of War) of assorted sizes	26,400
Mazri Shirts (Prisoner of War)	31,080
Mazri Shorts	18,200
Mazri Trousers (Prisoner of War)	2,900
Puttoo Cloth	966 yds.
Cotton Cellular Khaki Shirting	4,700 yds.
Sandals of assorted sizes	6,722 pairs.
Khaki Sikh Pagh	504 Nos.
Steel Washing Basins	5,530 Nos.
Mattresses Cases 29"x26½"	14,915
Tea Cloths	857
Sewing Tins	1,999

ALSO OTHER USEFUL ITEMS.

No guarantee is given regarding the condition of the stores, but it is pointed out that these are surplus new materials. The bulk of the cotton and woollen materials are packed in bails.

Samples of several of the items are on view at the office of the Deputy Regional Commissioner, United India Building, Madras, on any working day between 10-30 A.M. and 5 P.M.

Delivery will be ex site and buyers must make their own arrangements for transport. For further particulars and conditions of sale, please apply to Government auctioneers, Messrs. Frank Abraham, St. Marks' Road, Bangalore.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS (SOUTHERN CIRCLE)

Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
Tel.: 30041

DS/59

LONG-AWAITED FOUNTAIN PEN

with 14 ct. Gold Gold Nib
Rs. 5/8/- each
with packing postage extra

FOUNTAIN PENS

of attractive designs Limited number in stock Get your quota immediately. Eight annas (-/8/-) postage charge to accompany the order is essential.

PARAMOUNT TRADERS

5 Babuial Lane Burrabazar,
CALCUTTA

THE UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK LTD.

Subscribed Capital Rs. 4 crores

Paid-up Capital Rs. 2 Crores

Reserve Funds over Rs. 17½ lakhs.

Chairman:
G. D. BIRLA

HEAD OFFICE:
2, Royal Exchange Place, CALCUTTA

BOMBAY OFFICE:
PETIT BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, FORT.

(UCB-16)

The useful SIMO CLIPS

FOR HOUSE AND OFFICE

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS:
THE INDUSTRIAL SYNDICATE
6-8, CLIVE STREET, CALCUTTA

MUTT AND JEFF—N. C. Could Also Mean—No Cents No Cougar Or Non Compesmentis By BUD FISHER

YOU SAY YOU'RE BROKE? YOU HAVEN'T A CENT IN YOUR POCKET?
THAT'S RIGHT! I'M BROKE!
HOW CAN YOU FIB LIKE THAT AND LOOK ME IN THE FACE?
I'M USED TO YOUR FACE!
YOU KNOW IT'S VERY BAD TO LIE DON'T YOU?
OH, YES-- SURE!
YOU KNOW YOU WON'T GO TO HEAVEN IF YOU LIE!
-OH, I'LL NEVER LIE ABOUT ANYTHING!
PROMISE NEVER TO TELL A LIE AS LONG AS YOU LIVE?
I PROMISE
THAT'S FINE! NOW, HOW MUCH MONEY HAVE YOU IN YOUR POCKET?
?!
WAIT HERE! -N.C
ENN CEE? ENCEE?? EN--
WHEN SEN. GUSH WAS ASKED ABOUT WORK-FIGHT BILL HE SAID:-QUOTE, "N. C." (NO COMMENT) UNQUOTE

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Shia Muslim Engineer of high family, 25 years, highly placed wishes to marry suitable girl preferably of his own caste. Apply Box No. 2744, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Assistant Spinning Master specially for Card, Frame and Combing Departments. Please apply Box No. 8868, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Youths for Newspaper work with good Command over English language. Pay Rs. 50/- plus dearness allowance of Rs. 12-8 as. Those who have passed Matriculation examination need appy in their own handwriting to the Manager, "The Bombay Chronicle", Interviews between noon and 1 p. m.

Wanted fast and accurate Typist, either sex, minimum speed 50 words, with ability to correspond independently. Pay upto Rs. 100/- according to ability. Apply personally. Central Syndicate Limited, 16, Old Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay. (2760)

Wanted immediately two smart, accurate Typist Girls for a big Commercial House. Only ambitious persons need apply or see personally between 10 to 11 a.m. or 4 to 6 p.m. B. Paul and Company, 4th Floor, Behramji Mansion, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay. 2757

Golden opportunity awaits honest, reliable, energetic, hardworking versatile Salesmanagers, Salesmen to push Ladies Handbags Leather and Metal Presentation Novelties in Bombay and Up-country. Apply in own handwriting to Box No. 2768, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Hindi/English Correspondent Typist full or part time. Apply Box No. 2765, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an Accountant Secretary with knowledge of local languages with experience in factory lines, write to Box No. 2764, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced Stenographer for Factory Office. Apply Box No. 2763, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a few educated Indian Ladies for a house to house enquiry to be undertaken very shortly in Bombay. Generous daily rates of pay and bhatta. Apply in writing to Box No. 8847, "Bombay Chronicle."

Immediately wanted experienced Pilots, Engineers, Mechanics, Radio Operators and other personnels in connection with Airlines. Apply Bharat Airways Limited, Managing Agents: Birla Bros., 1-A, Vansittart Row, Dalhousie Square (South), Calcutta. (8834)

Wanted one qualified and experienced Chemical Engineer who can design the whole plant of Co2 Gas Factory, supervise its Fabrication and erect the same. Also required one consulting Chemical Engineer for the above work. Please write with full details to the Box No. 2736, "Bombay Chronice."

Wanted (1) A Sanitary Inspector for the Beawar Municipality in Ajmer-Merwara on a salary of Rs. 75/-5/-100/-5/-135/- per mensem plus Rs. 25/- per month as conveyance allowance, with benefit of dearness allowance as permissible Government Servants of this District. (2) The applicant must be a qualified Sanitary Inspector from the Royal Sanitary Institute Bombay or the Provincial Hygiene Institute Lucknow or any other recognised Institute of British India and having atleast five years' experience in a British Indian Town. (3) The appointment will be in the first instance on probation for one year. (4) The applications with copies of testimonials must reach, the undersigned on or before the 26th July, 1946. Chairman, Municipal Committee, Beawar. (8829)

Applications are invited for the post of Director of Agriculture, Dhrangadhra State, (Kathiawar). Pay Rs. 200-20|2-400 plus Dearness Allowance of Rs. 25/- P.M. Candidate must be a Graduate in Agriculture and must possess working knowledge of Gujarati language. A higher initial start in the above grade will be given according to qualifications and experience. Apply to Vice-President, State Council, Dhrangadhra before 20-7-1946 stating age, nationality, mother tongue, academic qualifications, previous experience and where and how occupied at present. (8833)

SITUATION WANTED

An experienced and honest young man, capable of managing independently any concern, seeks employment on reasonable basis. Communicate: 'Srimanga' Acharya and Bhagwan Hyderabad, Deccan. (2753)

ACCOMMODATION ADLETS

Wanted Spacious Office Premises 3,000 sq. ft. in Fort or any good locality. Phone preferred. Will pay good rent. Also consider buying furniture. Apply Box No. 2767, "Bombay Chronicle".

RADIO FOR SALE

New all wave radio sets have arrived. Come and select your requirements from the Chicago Telephone and Radio Co., Ltd. 127 Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Post Box 1312, Bombay 1. Calcutta, Madurai, Lahore, New Delhi. (8153)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

IN TERMS of Act VI of 1933 authorising private companies to obtain licences for establishing water works for the supply of Water to the cities, the Municipal Board, Bareilly desires to arrange the Water Supply within the Municipal limits through a Commercial Company. All such companies desiring to undertake this work will please enter into correspondence with the Chairman Municipal Board, Bareilly, specifying the conditions on which the firms wish to take up the licence. The municipal Board will after going through all such correspondence select one of the firms for this work.

Any information required will be supplied by the Municipal Office on request.

(Sd.) BANWARI LAL AGARWAL,
Chairman,
Municipal Board,
Bareilly, 27|6|46.
(8773)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF FOOD DIV. III
Office of the Chief Director of Purchase,
Jamnagar House, New Delhi.

TENDER NOTICE:
DISPOSAL OF AMERICAN FOODSTUFFS

IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Food Department that the trade would avoid uneconomic competition in the disposal of American surplus foods, if it were allowed to buy the entire quantity of certain individual items in addition to and without interruption of the disposal scheme already published. It has been decided therefore to invite tenders from firms wishing to buy the entire quantity of any item. Tenderers may make competitive offers in sealed covers for the purchase of the whole of any of the available balances of American surplus foodstuffs. Offers will be for goods sold at site where lying. Offers must reach the Chief Director of Purchase before noon on 20th July, 1946.

2. Information of the estimated quantities of the different items will be available on application from the Chief Director of Purchase. It is expected that a small proportion of some of these stocks may be disposed under the existing scheme; but once the competitive offer is accepted no sales will be made to another party.

3. When making competitive offers to the Chief Director of Purchase, tenderers must send Earnest Money in the form of a Government Treasury receipt or a Reserve Bank of India draft, calculated at 5 per cent of the order. The earnest money deposit will be made in favour of the Chief Director of Purchase and classified under the head "Revenue deposits" if deposited in a Government Treasury.

4. The Chief Director of Purchase, however, reserves the right to reject or accept any offer. (8827)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Hong Kong Import and Export Firm desires to get in contact with same trade. Please write full particulars Wah Hing Trading Co., National Bank Bldg., 1st Floor. (2769)

Wanted a financing partner to invest a lakh in an import firm, having established connections in London. Apply Box No. 2780, "Bombay Chronicle."

Indenting business in all branches of merchandise from our Office in America, licence holders, please contact Central Syndicate Limited, 16, Old Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay. (2762)

Glass Factory Expert seeks financing party for a new factory near Bombay. Investment 25 to 30,000. Guarantees 500 monthly. Box No. 2754, "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Chief Agents for Maharashtra and Gujarat for Old Insurance Co. Apply Box No. 2724, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted: Resourceful Distributors for V-Fruit Saline, India's first-aid to health. Excellent terms: Saline Agency, Charbowdi, Poona, 1. (2741)

Wanted Stockist and Agents for Toilet Products. Apply to United Sales Syndicate, 80, Khand Bazar, Bombay 3. (2669)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Electroplating Generators, 50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300 Amperes, 6|10 Volts. Ready stocks. Reasonable prices. Guaranteed prompt railway bookings. Geekay Supplies, The Mall, Lahore. (2712)

Available for Sales. Eastern Electric Fans. Eagle Hornes, Cycle spare parts. Gamandra Sales, Nawab Mansion, Gunbow Street, Fort, Bombay. 2598

For Sale Lease/Lend Trucks Ford V8 and Chevrolet in good condition with new tyre and battery. Run on petrol (gas plant not fitted) Passed as public carrier upto 1948. Cash or hire purchase system. Apply Automobiles Corporation, Marwadi Vidyalaya Building, Sandhurst Road. Phone 43917. 2771

Available for prompt shipment from U.S.A. Fountain Pens, Mechanical pencils, lead pencils, razor blades, tooth brushes, hot water bottles, cloth cut pieces, gramophone, cameras, and various other plastic goods. Apply, immediately Central Syndicate Limited, 16, Old Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay. (2761)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

THE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
Established 1906
Head Office—BOMBAY.

Capital—Authorised	Rs. 3,00,00,000
Capital—Paid up	Rs. 1,46,83,550
Reserve Fund	Rs. 1,83,33,550

A Branch of the Bank has been opened on 1-7-46 in London for the transaction of Foreign Exchange business and General Banking.

Address: 17, Moorgate,
London, E.C. 2.
Telegrams: SHARAFI, LONDON.
A. C. CLARKE,
General Manager.
9th July, 1946. (8365)

NOTICE.

VUSSONJEE MUNJEE & CO., LTD.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the EXTRAORDINARY MEETING of the Shareholders of Vussonjee Munjee and Co., Ltd., was held on the 5th day of July, 1946, at the Registered Office of the said Company (405, Kalbadevi Road) when the following Special Resolution was unanimously passed.

"Resolved that the Company be wound up voluntarily and that Mr. Jasvantlal Matubhai be appointed Liquidator of the Company for the purpose of winding up the affairs of the Company and distributing the assets of the Company."

Dated this 9th day of July, 1946.
MIMRAJ RUIA,
Chairman.
8861

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED to fill one post of Dairy Bacteriologist and three posts of Shift Chemists at the Military Farms Evaporated Milk Factory Okara Distt, Montgomery, Punjab. Persons already in Govt. Service may also apply through proper channel, if permitted to do so by Head of Departments. Pay.—Dairy Bacteriologist Rs. 175-15|195-10-450. Shift Chemists:—Rs. 170-15-260-10-420. All these posts are non-pensionable for the present. Qualifications:—Dairy Bacteriologist—Persons possessing a degree in Dairy Science of Agriculture with special training in Dairy Bacteriology will be preferred but B.Scs. & M.Scs. with practical training in Bacteriology may also apply. Shift Chemists—Graduate in Dairy Science (with Chemistry as one of the principal subjects) or Technical Chemistry. Age:—No limit but Candidate below 40 years will be preferred. Selected candidates will be provided with unfurnished Govt. Quarters on Factory Premises—"M" class for the Bacteriologist and "B" class for the Shift Chemists. Rent will be recovered at 10% of the Pay or the assessed rent of particular building occupied, whichever is less. Selected applicants will be required to travel at their own expense for an interview when notified. Applications with attested copies of Degrees and Testimonials should reach the Asstt. Director Military Farms G.H.Q. Installations Okara Distt. Montgomery, Punjab, by 25th July, 1946. (8837)

IMPORTANT

AVAILABLE FROM STOCK
AMERICAN AIR-CONDITIONING PLANTS

3 H. P. Watercooled Chrysler Condensing Units with special "Weathermakers"—3 tons capacity.

5 H. P. Watercooled Chrysler Condensing Units with special "Weathermakers"—5 tons capacity.

2 H. P. Aircooled Condensing Units with "Weathermakers"—2 tons capacity.

Contact
FAZALBHOY LIMITED,
16, New Queens Road, Bombay.

Wanted Expert Engineers and Mechanics to Assemble Air-conditioning Plants. (8220)

NOTICE.

KNOWN to all persons it may concern that the Policy No. 446, dated 28-4-1915, issued to me by the Bombay Family Pension Fund of Government Servants, Bombay, has been LOST to which effect I swore an affidavit on 2-5-1946 before Mr. BHAGWAN SINGH, First Class Magistrate at Residency Area Kolhapur. The said Policy is hereby made null and void and any body dealing with the same will do so at his own risk.

SHANKAR RAGHUNATH KULKARNI,
2992, Gosaviwada near Kapil Tirth, Kolhapur.
Dated 26-5-1946. 2756

B. B. & C. I. R.

NEW TRAIN SERVICES

WITH EFFECT from Sunday, July 14th, and daily thereafter No. 11 Down passenger train will be introduced to run between Bombay Central and Ahmedabad and No. 12 Up passenger train will start from Ahmedabad instead of, as at present, from Baroda. Both trains will have accommodation for First, Second and Third class passengers.

With effect from Monday, July 15th, and daily thereafter No. 6 Up passenger train with accommodation for Second and Third class passengers will be introduced and will run from Baroda to Bombay Central.

For detailed timings of these three trains please see printed notices at stations.

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

THIS IS TO INFORM the public that Mr. ANTHONY TAVARES, who was in our employ as Manager and Cutter has ceased to be so on and from 8-7-46. Anyone dealing with him will do so at his own risk and we shall not hold ourselves bound by his undertakings.

M. CORREA,
Prop. of Frans and Co.
(2779)

S.S. LOURENCO MARQUES

THE ABOVE STEAMER is expected at Mormugao about the 28th July. If possible it will touch at Bombay and Cochin to receive passengers and cargo for Lisbon via Suez.

For further information apply to: BANCO NACIONAL ULTRAMARINO, BOMBAY AND MORMUGAO. (6825)

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, BOMBAY.

No. 11921|151—With reference to his Notification No. 8498|151, dated the 3rd May 1946 and in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bom. IV of 1902), the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, makes the following new rule:—

"49. Parking of vehicles on the east side of Pitha Street from its junction with Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road to its junction with Nadirshah Sukhia Street is prohibited."

P. B. WILKINS,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 22nd June, 1946. (8864)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

HYDRAULIC ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT.
TENDERS.

THE HYDRAULIC ENGINEER invites tenders for the supply and erection of

(1) Two Venturi meter-recorders to replace the existing ones.
(2) Seven short pattern Venturi-meter tubes complete with flow recorders.

Form obtainable from the Hydraulic Engineer's Office, Improvement Trust Building, Napier Road, Fort, Bombay at Rs. 3/- per copy, not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 14th August 1946 at 1 p. m. (B. T.). (8867)

LEGAL NOTICES

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Mr. SANTSINGH RAMSINGH and his son Mr. Tirlochansingh Sant Singh of Khar have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to my client free from encumbrances.

All persons claiming any right, title, interest, in the said property are hereby required to make their claims known in writing to the undersigned at his Office at Lawyers' Chambers, Picket Road, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof. Otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece of land, situate at Khar being Plots Nos. 543 and 544 of Khar Sub. Scheme No. 7 in Greater Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1443 sq. yards and bounded on the East by the 17th Road, on the North by Plot No. 545, on the South by Plot No. 542 and on the West by Plots Nos. 554 and 555 of the said scheme.

B. S. SABNIS,
Purchaser's Advocate.
9th July, 1946. (8866)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.
Petition No. 288 of 1946
CITATION

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property of HUSAINY ABDUL KAYOOM PANJNIWALA, variously styled and spelt "Hoosainy Abdulkayoom Panjniwala", "Huseinibhoy Abdulkayoom Panjniwala", "Huseinbhai Abdulkayoom Panjniwala" and "Huseinali Abdulkayoom Panjniwala" of Surat, Bombay and Aden, a Dawoodi Borah Muslim Inhabitant ..... Deceased.

Bai ZARINA, wife of Esoofbhai Abdulhusein German ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir LEONARD STONE, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 28th day of June in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Forty-Six and in the tenth year of our Reign,

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN AYER.
(Sd.) S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

The 28th day of June, 1946.
Messrs. GAGRAT & CO.
Petitioners' Attorneys. (8862)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites Tenders for the supply of Firewood. Form obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 31st July, 1946, at 3 P.M. (S.T.). 8824

LEGAL NOTICES

Civil Original Suit No. 76/45.

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE INDORE

TARABAI D/o Haribhau Gaikawar of Indore .... Plaintiff.

versus

MADHUKAR GOPAL JUVEKAR, of South Tukoganj Indore ..... Defendant.

CLAIM FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE

To,
MADHUKAR GOPAL JUVEKAR
of South Tukoganj Indore.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you for Dissolution of marriage, you are hereby summoned to appear and put in a written statement in this Court in person or by a duly authorised Pleader of this Court duly instructed, and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions on the 15th day of July 1946 at 10-30 A.M. to answer the above named plaintiff; and you are hereby required to take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit be heard and decided Exparte in your absence.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the Court this the 3rd day of July 1946.

DISTRICT JUDGE, Indore. 8863

STEEL FOLDING FURNITURE

'Siteasy' Chairs, Deck Chairs, Picnic Chairs for adults and children. Stools—small, medium and large size.

Square Top Tables, Round Top Tables and Rectangular Top Tables, Beds, etc. Strong and durable, suitable for people staying in Bombay flats.

Furniture when folded occupies very little space. Moderately Priced. Available from:—

SHAVAKSHAW P. BHARUCHA,
Western India Oil Co.'s Petrol Pump,
Opp. Allbless Baug, Charni Road,
Bombay.

Build health & Joy

LACTOLAN Works miracle, purifies blood and Stimulates general body-resistence.

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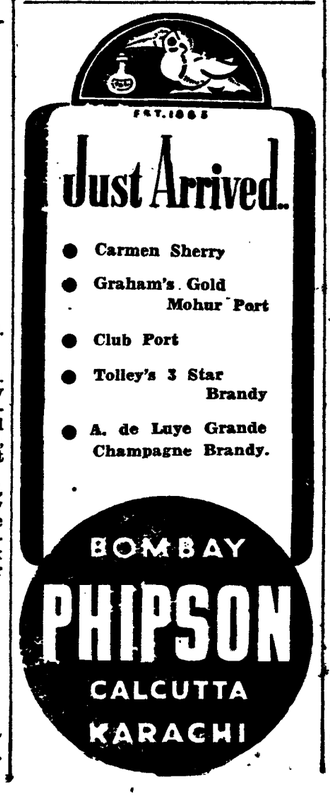
CALCUTTA CLINICAL RESEARCH ASSN. LTD.,
6, Chowringhee Rd., Calcutta,
Branch: Sitabaldi; Nagpur.

"WIT" ROLLER SKINS

Beltings Buffers, etc. manufactured by THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES LTD highly approved by the Mills. Apply Selling Agents, THE INDUSTRIAL LEATHER CO., LTD., 9, Ash Lane Fort, Bombay. Phone: 33609



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IN POWDER & SPRAY

- HIVEX does not consist of D.D.T. mixed in a neutral medium.
- HIVEX is in itself a powerful insecticide of long standing which kills immediately on application. Recently it was reinforced by the addition of formulated D.D.T. the residual power of which prevents fresh infestation and deals with hatchings of eggs.
- HIVEX has a worldwide reputation and is manufactured and used by one of the largest pest control Houses in the British Isles.
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MANUFACTURED IN ENGLAND
by
HIVEY FUMIGATION CO., LTD., 15, Cheapside, Liverpool.
Sole Agents in India:
J. WHITTAKER & CO., 17, Ravelin Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 24394.

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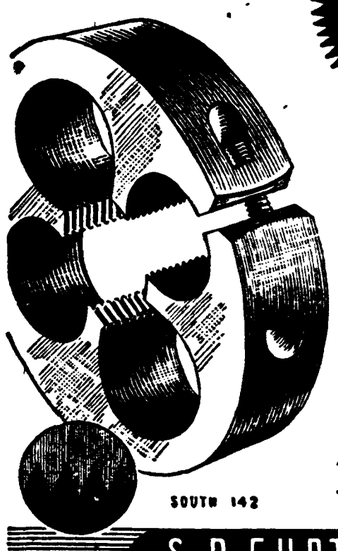

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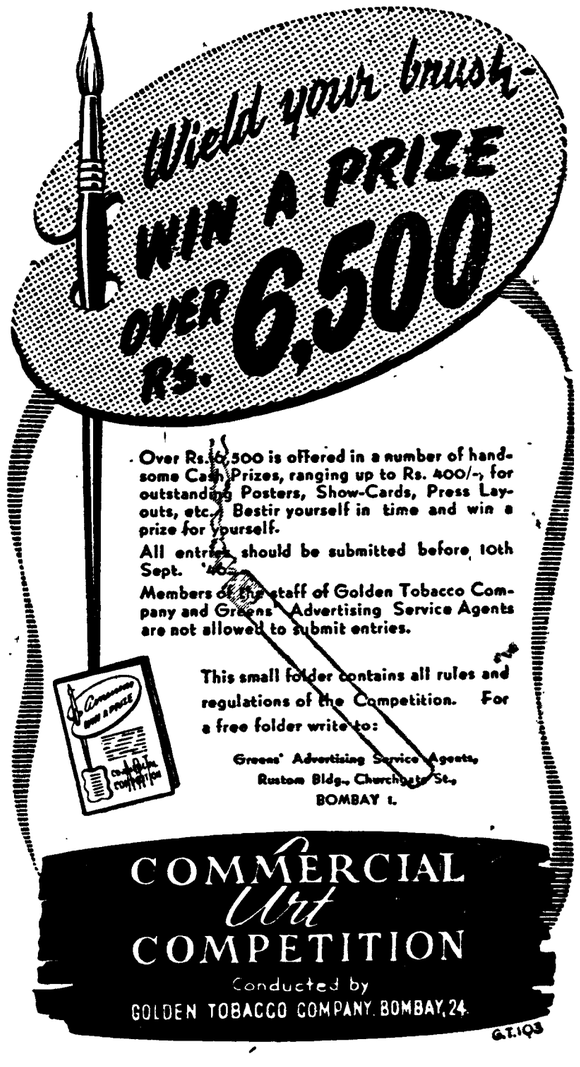
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Over Rs. 6,500 is offered in a number of handsome Cash Prizes, ranging up to Rs. 400/-, for outstanding Posters, Show-Cards, Press Layouts, etc. Bestir yourself in time and win a prize for yourself.
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COMMERCIAL Art COMPETITION
Conducted by
GOLDEN TOBACCO COMPANY, BOMBAY, 24.
G.T.103

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.